



Chit of Study



Seasons & Weather



Seasons and Weather Common Core Unit Overview

The goal of the Seasons and Weather Common Core Unit of study is to help students understand that weather changes every day, but it is predictable from season to season. The unit is comprehensive, and includes CA Common Core and Content Standards in English Language Arts, Science, History-Social Science, and Visual and Performing Arts. Students will read both narrative and informational texts to learn about what causes weather, the weather cycle from year to year, daily weather changes, and how weather affects nature and themselves. The lesson also provides collaborative activities, hands on experiences, drama, and music to deepen students' awareness that learning occurs meta-cognitively, by making the conscious choice to learn. By reading text closely, and explicitly, students will be able make inferences and "determine central ideas or themes"; and "by asking meaningful questions and conducting careful investigations," students will realize that "weather can be observed, measured, and described."

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Santa Ana Unified School District Common Core Unit Planner-Literacy

rring Student rring Weathe gs.): 2. 2. 3. Week 1 Crmational Te Reading of Text Dependent Ouestions & Note Taking Guide Guide Seader: 1 See the Weather?	Seasons and Weather	Kindergarten Time Frame: 3 Weeks	s will create and present a meteorology report in collaborative groups.	r within each season can be predictable.	How does weather within each season impact our daily lives?	Why do we observe weather?	How does weather change over time?	Instructional Activities/Tasks	Week 2 Week 3	Informational Text: Investigating the Seasons	Illustrated by David Jorgensen	Extending the Learning the Learning the Learning the Learning the Learning Learning the Learning Learn	The Weather Season video Text My Seasons Song Clips Dependent Tree art Questions Questions Augustions Sequencing Sequenci	Weather Log step asides Picture Weather Log step asides Picture Seasons With Step step asides Picture Seasons Writing; Walk, 1step step asides Weather Log asides Picture Weather Log asides Picture Weather Log step asides Picture Weather Log shared Reader: With Step Seasons
		Kindergarten	Students will create and present a meteo	Weather within each season can be pred	How does weather within		How does weather change over t	Inst	1	xt: hen the	Butler	Extending the Learning	The Weather Song	Weather Log

$21^{ m st}$	Learning and Innovation: ☐ Critical Thinking & Problem Solving	aboration
Century Skills:	Information, Media and Technology: ⊠ Information Literacy ⊠ Media Literacy ⊠ Information, C	Information, Communications & Technology Literacy
Essential Academic Language:	Tier II: pattern, daily, migrate, difference, bloom, ripen, chilly, season, antonyms, breeze, gentle, strong, laugh, scorching, season, breezy, balmy, freezing, boiling, cool, warm, ice, senses, investigate, revolving, ripening, sipping, nectar, bloom, crackling, touch, sound, taste, smell, rain, snow, cold, showers, blossoms, bloom, baby birds, grainy, sandy, crunchy, harvest, step, leaves, bare, freezing, tapping, strumming, beat, fiddle, cheerful, branch, dip, twirl, shining, whispered, widespread	Tier III: weather log, meteorologist, , record, revolving, balmy, harvested, hibernate, ocean, throat, scientist,
What pre-as	What pre-assessment will be given?	How will pre-assessment guide instruction?
In Power Grd non-weather sort words. A	In Power Groups, students will conduct an open-ended sort of weather words and non-weather words, and report back to the class on the reasons for their placement of sort words. A rubric will be provided in the body of the unit.	 Identify students' ability to work effectively in a collaborative setting. Identify students' knowledge of language conventions. Identify students' knowledge of the unit topic and academic language.
	Content Standard(s):	Assessment of Standards (Formative and Summative)
 Science K.3.b Students know cha Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.a Observe common C K.4.b Describe the prope K.4.c Describe the relativ K.4.d Compare and sort on size, weight). K.4.e. Communicate observance 	 K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.a Observe common objects by using the five senses. K.4.b Describe the properties of common objects. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.d Compare and sort common objects by one physical attribute (e.g., color, shape, texture, size, weight). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings 	 F: Students will observe, record, and share findings of weather over a period of time. F: Students will use language that uses the five senses to describe weather and seasons. F: Students will draw/write different weather conditions and seasons. S: Students will develop and share representations of weather conditions to describe changes over time and identify patterns.

Common Core Learning Standards Taught and Assessed	What assessment(s) will be utilized for this unit? (Include the types of both formative assessments (F) that will be used throughout the unit to inform your instruction and the summative assessments (S) that will demonstrate student mastery of the standards.)	What does the assessment tell us?
 Bundled Reading Literature Standards KRL.5 Recognize common types of texts (e.g. storybooks, poems, fantasy, realistic text) KRL.6 With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story. KRL.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g. What moment in a story an illustration depicts). KRL.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories. KRL.10 Students will actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. a. Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in texts. b. Use illustrations and context to make predictions about text. 	 F: Teacher observation. F: Use of text- dependent questions for comprehension. F: Choral Reading of Emergent Readers. F: Readers Theater of the story, Wind Says Goodnight. S: Flow map to sequence events in Goodnight Says the Wind S: Identify fiction and nonfiction texts. 	Can students ask meaningful questions about text? Can students speak in complete sentences?
 KRI.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. KRI.2 With prompting and support Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. KRI.2 With prompting and support Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. KRI.3 With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events ideas or pieces of information in a text. KRI.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text. KRI.5 Identify the front cover, back cover and title page of a book. KRI.5 Identify the front cover, back cover and title page of a book. KRI.5 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustration and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts). KRI.8 With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures). KRI.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. a. Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in texts. b. Use illustrations and context to make predictions about text. 	 F: Teacher observation. F: Use of text-dependent questions for comprehension. S: Meteorologist Presentation. F: Shades of Meaning Sort F: Senses sort S: Drawing and explanation of seasons S: Identify fiction and nonfiction texts. 	Can students ask meaningful questions about text? Can students express understanding orally and through drawing/writing? Can students speak in complete sentences?

 Fi. KFS.1 Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page. b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters. c. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print. d. Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet. KFS.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). c. Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words. f. Blend two to three phonemes into recognizable words. CA KFS.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words both in isolation and in text. a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sound for each consonant. b. Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. c. Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are). d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. KFS.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. 	 F: Teacher observation S: Trimester Results	Is the student able to read sight words? - Identify upper/lowe rcase letters? - orally blend ?
 Kw.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is). Kw.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. Kw.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Kw.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Kw.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. 	 F: Daily Weather Observation Log with accompanying drawing. F: Drawing/writing of each season. S: SAUSD Trimester Writing Proficiency. 	Students know how to use information acquired through texts, observations, and classroom activities and express through drawings and writing.

dergarten student responses. F: Discussion of various topics with partner, collaborative groups using linguistic patterns. Illy or through groups using linguistic patterns. F: Retell Goodnight Says the Wind using flow map. S: Unit weather presentation. y something and support, e additional F: Teacher observation and student responses F: Daily Weather Observation Log S: SAUSD Writing Proficiency F: Text-dependent question/answer activities. F: Song and Choral Reading activities. F: Song and Choral Reading activities. F: Shades of Meaning Activity. S: Drawing and explanation of seasons nuances in e of the		Bundled Speaking and Listening Standards, Kindergarten	F: Teacher observation and	Can students ask
toptics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). Confirm understanding of a text read aduld or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting and answer questions about key details and requesting and answer questions about key details and requesting and answer questions aloud or information, or clarify something that is not understood. Ask and answer questions are with prompting and support, provide additional detail. Bundled Language Standards, Kindergarten Bundled Language Standards, Kindergarten Bundled Language Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Per and drawnings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail. Bundled Language Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Per and drawning or speaking. Bundled Language Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Print many upper and lowercase letters. Bundled Language Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Print many upper and lowercase letters. Promous and expand complete sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> . Fract-dependent of the conventions of standard English capitalization, and spelling when writing or undersign near and expand complete sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> . Recognize and name end punctuation. With guidance and expand complete sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> . Recognize and name end punctuation. With guidance and expand complete sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> . Recognize and name end punctuation. With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word manings. With guidance and su	SLK.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten	student responses.	questions/give
Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking groups using linguistic continue a conversation through multiple exchange understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting of the rext read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting of an extread aloud or information presented orally or through carification if something and answering questions about key details and requesting darking and answering questions about key details and requesting darking and answering used to extract to extract the properties and infections. Bendled Language Standards, Kindergarten Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Fir Teacher observation and versus electrics. Broduce and expand complete sentence and the pronoun I. Fired to the convention of standard English capitalization, but why, whost, whore, when, why, how. Produce and expand complete sentence and the pronoun I. Fired or and in a sentence and the pronoun I. Fired or and phrases prometically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Determine or darify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases boards in a sentence and support from adults, explore word relationships and meanings. For promine and support from adults, explore word relationships and meaning. For promound objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the		topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.		answers to clarify
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Recognize and name end punctuation. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases seasons based on <i>kindergarten reading and content</i> . Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing and learning the verb to duck). With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the	ö.	Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.	opinions and ideas.	collaborative
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Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>kindergarten reading and content</i> . Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing <i>duck</i> is a bird and learning the verb <i>to duck</i>). With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the	ъ́	Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.	S: Drawing and explanation of	Student reading
based on <i>kindergarten reading and content</i> . Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the	KL.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases	seasons	fluency/writing
Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the		based on kindergarten reading and content.		progress at specific
duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the	ė.	Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing		times of the year.
With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the	:	duck is a bird and learning the verb <i>to duck</i>).		Can students use
word meanings. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the	KL.5	With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in		language to express
sort common objects into categories (e.g., snapes, 100ds) to gain a sense of the				their ideas?
	ä.			

concepts the b. Demonstrate	concepts the categories represent. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating	
them to their	them to their opposites (antonyms).	
c. Identify real-l	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school	
that are <i>colorful</i>).	ful).	
d. Distinguish sh	Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g.,	
KL.6 Use words an	wans, march, strats, prance, by acting out the meanings. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and	Of the state of th
) texts.	
Resources/	Complex Texts to be used: "Wind Says Goodnight" by Katy Rydell, illustrated by David Jorgensen	ll, illustrated by David Jorgensen
Materials:		F.
	Informational Texts used: Season and Weather by SAUSD Kindergarten Team Investigating the Seasons by SAUSD Kindergarten Team	ergarten Leam Kindergarten Team
	Science Text, pp. TE162-163,TE168-169);	(69);
	Literature Titles: Wind Says Goodnight by Katy Rydell	
		<u>Season and Weather</u> by SAUSD Kindergarten Team, <u>Investigating the Seasons</u> by SAUSD
	Media/Technology: Kindergarten Team	
	Season and Weather, Investigating t	<u>Season and Weather, Investigating the Seasons, and Wind Says Goodnight</u> Power Points
	Other Materials: Investigating the Seasons and Wind	Investigating the Seasons and Wind Says Goodnight Big Books; I See the Weather,The Four
	Seasons, Wind Says Goodnight SAU	Seasons,Wind Says Goodnight SAUSD Readers; Optional: "Seasons" by Kara D Hill (Science
	Reader); Weather Log, Power Elbow Group Activities, etc.	Group Activities, etc.
Interdisciplinary	• Kindergarten Life Science 2, 2a, 2b, 3, 3b, 4, 4a-c, 4e (Please see Content Standards section).	e Content Standards section).
Connections:	• Kindergarten Math Counting Cardinality 3, 4-4c, 5-7, Measurement and Data 3-4b (Please see Math CCCS)	nent and Data 3-4b (Please see Math CCCS).
	• Kindergarten Visual Performing Arts Standards, Music 2.1, 2.2; Theatre 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.2; Visual Arts 1.1-1.3, 2.1-2.3,	Theatre 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.2; Visual Arts 1.1-1.3, 2.1-2.3,
	2.4-2.6, 4.1, 4.3-4.4 (Please see VPA Content Standards for CA)	
Differentiated	Based on desired student outcomes, what instructional variation will be used to address the needs of English Learners by language proficiency level?	Based on desired student outcomes, what instructional variation will be used to address the needs of students with special needs, including gifted and talented?
Instruction:	B & EI: PowerPoint; pictures; speaking, reading, and writing	Special Needs: PowerPoint; pictures; speaking, reading, and
	sentence patterns, song, peer-tutoring, acting out, examples,	writing sentence patterns, song, peer-tutoring, acting out,
	demonstrations, small group, choral reading, guided reading,	examples, demonstrations, small group, choral reading,
	writing, speaking, leveled vocabulary instruction, pre-teaching,	guided reading, writing, speaking, leveled vocabulary
	reviewing, TPR.	instruction, pre-teaching, reviewing; close readings;
	I: Leveled practice reading, and vocabulary; close readings;	questions-answer activities; TPR.
	questions-answer activities; group question-answer	GATE: Leveled reading, and independent reading and writing
	development, and practice; independent and group activities,	practice, drawing; leadership roles in specific activities;
	peer assistance.	independent activity/project development and
	EA & A: Independent reading and writing practice, drawing; peer-	presentation based on unit theme.
	assistance of other students, leadership roles in specific	
	activities.	



Kindergarten Common Core Unit Overview: Week 1

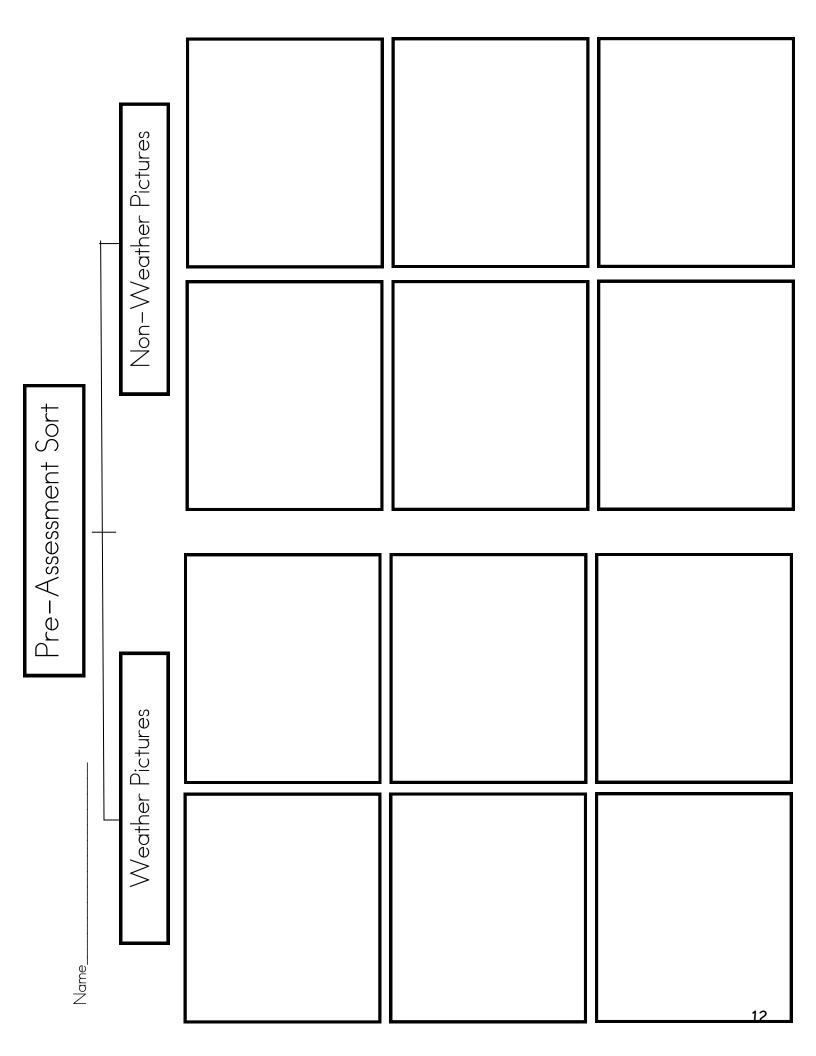
2SAUSD Common Core Lesson Planner

Common Core	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75	min. Course: Language Arts			
(Unit 4 in OCR)	Lesson # 1 Date:				
Common Core and Content Standards	RI.10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase RF.5. 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words c. segment onsets and rimes f. blend 2-3 phonemes RF.5. 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words c. segment onsets and rimes f. blend 2-3 phonemes RF.5. 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words c. segment onsets and rimes f. blend 2-3 phonemes RF.5. 4 Phonics and Word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences b. Common spellings long and short sounds c. High-frequency words RF.5. 4 Emergent-reader text W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1-2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.				
		ce (e.g., above or below).			
Materials/ Resources/ Lesson Preparation	Green: Morning Message (chart paper and markers); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) T22- 27, Red: "Weather and non-weather" sorting material and rubric; Seasons and Weather PowerPoint, Blue: Weather Song; Weather Log				
Objectives	Content:	Language:			
Objectives	Green: Students will identify the position words. Students will: rhyme, oral-blend, identify long vowel sounds, and know /s/ and "s". Red: Students will sort picture cards. Students will gather knowledge about expository text. Blue: Students will identify and record the weather.	Green: Students will play "Simon Says" (physically show position word) and write an interactive Morning Message. Students will listen and participate in whole group activities. Red: Students will discuss and describe their sort in complete sentences in Elbow Groups. Students will describe illustrations and make predictions about text. Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the daily weather.			
Depth of	Mr. 14 P. H. Mr. 14 GING				
Knowledge Level	⊠ Level 3: Strategic Thinking ☐ Level 4	: Extended Thinking			
College and	□ Demonstrating independence □ Demonstrating independ	⊠ Building strong content knowledge			
Career Ready	Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline				
Skills	☐ Comprehending as well as critiquing ☐ Valuing evidence				
☐ Using technology and digital media strategically and capably					
	Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures				
Common Core	⊠ Building knowledge through content-ric				
Instructional Shifts	 ☑ Reading and writing grounded from text ☑ Regular practice with complex text and it 				
CCA TEACH ER PROVI	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING			

		pattern, weather log, meteorologist, difference, record
	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE MEANING	winter, spring, summer, fall
	eaching derations	 Explain to students: for the next several weeks you will be learning about the seasons and the weather they experience during each season. Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles (materials, reporter, captain, and editor).
		Lesson Delivery
	uctional	Check method(s) used in the lesson:
IVIC	ethods	⊠ Modeling ⊠ Guided Practice ⊠ Collaboration ⊠ Independent Practice
		☐ Guided Inquiry ☐ Reflection
	CSS	Morning Message – Focuses on position words.
Sta	dational ndards 5 only)	 Review Content / Learning Objective. Introduce position words (such as: close, far, above, below, in front of, in back of, over, under, beside, next to, on, in, between) by having students act out scenarios using position words. (Suggestion: Play Simon Says using the position words.) For example: "Simon says
		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following: OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 1, pp. 22-27 (Remember to review content/language objectives.) • T22- Choose one or both Warming Up activities • T23- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in OCR.) Initial Consonants /s/unny /f/unny /r/ain /p/ain /g/ain /f/all /t/all /c/all

	 T24- Listening for Long Vowel Sounds T25-26- The Sound of Ss 			
	T26- Linking the Sounds to the Letter			
Prepare the Learner	Pre-Assessment: Give students the opportunity to sort pictures into two groups: Weather Pictures/Non-Weather Pictures.			
	Pre-Passaner Sor Ventre Pozze InerVisite Pozze			
	Use inquiry questions to facilitate students' thinking (ex: I see your see this pictor). Why did you put them together? or I see this pictor			
	see another picture with?) Students may use th their sort: This group has This group does not have not These pictures go tog	e following frames to describe These are These are		
	group because Note observations			
Interact with text/concept Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technology Questioning/Engageme nt/Writing/Checking for Understanding	Building Background: Introduce "The Season Song" Introduce the song on the PowerPoint to the students. Add motions to the words when applicable. Emphasize the season and weather words in each stanza. Preview: Seasons and Weather PowerPoint - Expository Text (As you preview, note student's knowledge and vocabulary to help guide your instruction) Picture Walk: Review the title page. Say: What do you see in the picture? What do you think this book is about? As you continue through the subsequent pages, you may want to use some of these suggested questions: What do you see? What do you see? What questions do you have? (What do you wonder about?) What does this picture make you think about or remind you of? Students talk with a partner to share ideas. I see I wonder I think	Differentiated Instruction: English Learners: I see He/She has The is The animals can The people can I think that because The text is about Special Needs: Point to details in the picture. Accelerated Learners: What do you think is the most important idea on this page? How do you know? Give me three examples from the illustrations that tell me why you think the text is about		
	Share out with whole group.			

	Read: Read the PowerPoint in its entirety with step asides, as needed.		
Extending Understanding Writing Lesson Reflection with Students	Weather Log – Observing and Recording Introduce students to "The Weather Song." (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat) Students will chant /sing the song before observing the weather. What is the weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be? Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log. After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days? How many windy days? Which weather condition has more? Has less? Etc.) Big Idea: Weather within each season can be predictable. Essential Questions: How does weather within each season impact our daily Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time?	Differentiated Instruction: Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently. English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is" Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".	
	Lesson Reflection		
Teacher Reflection Evidenced by Student Learning/ Outcomes			

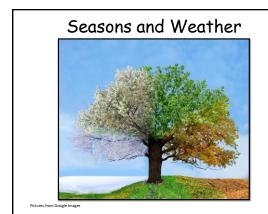


Pre Assessment Lesson 1



Open Sort Collaboration Rubric

	Group Name:	
	Members	
	ers work collaboratively on sort	
-	Notes:	
	member introduces himself/herself	
	members (2) help place sort on pocket chart.	
-	Notes:	

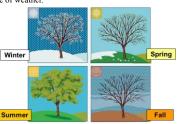




Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

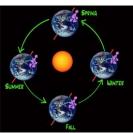
Four Seasons

There are four **seasons** in a year - winter, spring, summer, and fall. The **weather** changes during each season. In each season, you can expect a certain type of weather.



Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

Every season has its own type of weather. Seasons follow one another in a **cycle**. The change in each season is due to the earth **revolving** around the sun.



Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

Wind and Weather

But each day, the weather can be different. The air around the earth is moving all the time. This moving air is called **wind**. Wind can blow clouds and **storms** across the sky, changing the weather.



Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

Winter

Winter is the coldest season. The days are shorter and the nights are longer. People need to dress warmly in order to protect themselves from the colder air. It snows in many places. So trees are **bare**, without leaves. Some animals **hibernate**, while others **migrate** to warmer places.





Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.



Spring is a warmer season. The days get a little longer, and the nights get shorter. There are more sunny days. There can be **breezy** days, rainy days, or **foggy** days. Leaves and **buds** appear on trees again. Baby animals are born. People begin to spend more time outside.





Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

Summer

Summer is the hottest season. The days are very long and the nights are short. There are many hot, **scorching** days. People like to go to a pool or the beach. Animals try to stay cool in the shade, Some fruits and vegetables begin to **ripen** on trees and plants.





Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

Fall

Fall is a cool season. The days get shorter and the nights get longer. There are more windy days. There are more rainy days. People need to dress for the **chilly** weather. Apples, pumpkins and corn are harvested. The animals **prepare** for winter and students **prepare** for school.







Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.

Changing Seasons

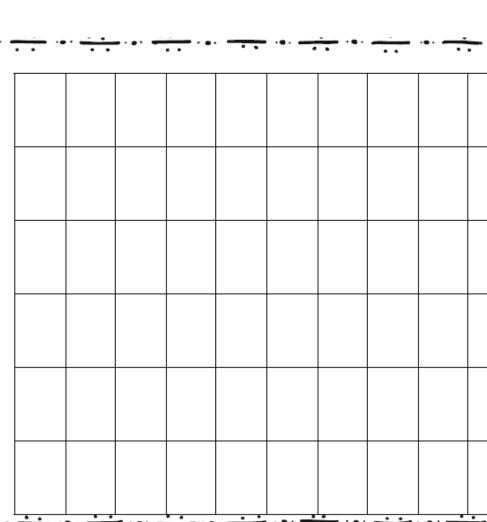
What happens when fall is over? The cycle begins again. Can you **predict** what will happen in winter? In the spring? In the summer? In the fall? Do you remember the **predictable** weather for each season?



Weather changes from day to day, but it can be predictable during a season.



Weather Graph









Heteorologiet





HOO BOOK





What is the weather today?

I can't wait to see!

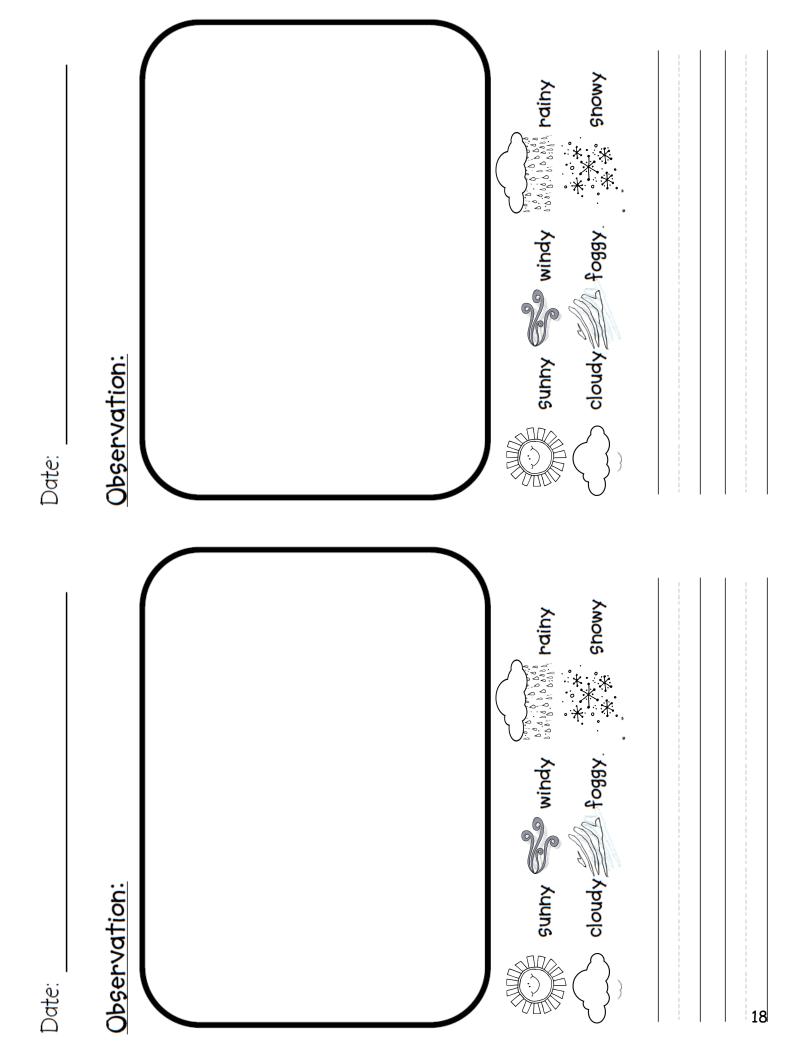
Sunny, windy, rainy, cloudy...

Which one will it be?

Name

Cloudy





SAUSD Common Core Lesson Planner

Common Core Unit	Kindergarten Lesson # 2 Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts Date:			
	Lesson # 2 Date:			
(Unit 4 in OCR)	PL 1 Ask/answer questions 2 Main tonic and key details 2 Conr	pactions h/w individuals/events/information		
Common Core and Content Standards	RI. 1 Ask/answer questions 2. Main topic and key details 3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information 5. Front & back cover, title page 7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text 8. Identify reasons that support points in text 10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences b. Common spellings long and short sounds c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform.; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns d. Use question words f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "1" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5.c Connections with words & use 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text			
	K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.			
Materials/	Green: Morning Message (chart paper, marker	rs); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) T36-39,		
Resources/	Red: "The Seasons Song"			
Lesson	Blue: Weather Log			
Preparation				
Objectives	Content: Language:			
	Green: Students will identify position words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning		
	and context clues.	Message.		
	Students will: rhyme, oral-blend, identify long	Students will listen and participate in whole group		
	vowel sounds, and know /s/ and "s". Red: Students learn and understand the four	activities. Red: Students will memorize and recite a song.		
	seasons.	Students will listen and answer questions citing evidence		
	Seasons.	from the text and illustrations in a whole group and with		
		partners.		
	Blue: Students will identify and record the	Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the		
	weather.	daily weather.		
Depth of	☐ Level 1: Recall ☐ ☐ Level 2: 5	Skill/Concept		
Knowledge Level	☐ Level 3: Strategic Thinking ☐ Level 4: Extended Thinking			
	☑ Demonstrating independence	⊠ Building strong content knowledge		
College and	igtimes Responding to varying demands of audien	nce, task, purpose, and discipline		
Career Ready Skills	☐ Comprehending as well as critiquing	∑ Valuing evidence		
DMIIS	☐ Using technology and digital media strate	_ 0		
	☐ Coming to understand other perspectives	and cultures		
Commer Con	⊠ Building knowledge through content-rich			
Common Core Instructional	☐ Reading and writing grounded from text			
Shifts Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary				
A Ca TEACH ER PROVI DES	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO WORDS WORTH KNOWING UNDERSTANDING			

		pattern, daily, migrate, bloom,	difference, storm, co	ol	
		ripen, chilly, hibernate, scorching			
	NTS UT THE	revolving, season, breezy, harvested	winter, spring, summ	er, fall , wind, windy, warm,	
	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE MEANING				
	teaching derations	 Students must have worked in Elbow Groups working in groups. Review Elbow Group role 	•	•	
		Lesson Deliv	verv		
Instr	uctional	Check method(s) used in the lesson:	, <u>J</u>		
Me	ethods	⋈ Modeling ☐ Guided Practice ⋈ 0	Collaboration 🔲 Ind	ependent Practice	
		☐ Guided Inquiry ☐ Reflection			
(CCSS	Morning Message – Focuses on position wo	ords and finding		
	dational	informational evidence from text.		Suggestion: Students can write message on white	
	ndards	 Review Content / Learning Objectiv 	boards and interact with it on their own board while		
(K-	5 only)	Write the following on chart paper	you model on chart paper.		
		The boy puts a scarf around	d his neck.	Students may draw a picture that matches text.	
		He puts a hat on his head. He sleds on the snow.			
		The season is winter.			
		 Review position words with students a underlining the position words (aro Depending on class ability/focus lev Partner to identify the capital letter punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Ur in red, and sight words may be high Ask students what information the 	and have students interound, on). Yel continue to have students The at the beginning of the capital letterously.	udents talk to their Elbow e sentence, sight words and ters in green, circle the periods	
		following:	the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the		
		OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 2, pp. 36-39. (Remember to review content/language objectives.)			
		T36- Choose one or both Warming Up activities			
		T37- Oral blending (The following w	ords may be used in lie	eu of the words found in OCR.)	
		Initial Consonants /w/eather /r	n/eteorologist	/w/inter	
		/s/pring /s/			
		/w/ind /s/.	pring /r	/ain	
		T37- Listening for Long Vowel Sound	ds		
		 T38- The Sound of Ss T39- Linking the Sound to the Letter 			

Prepare the Learner	Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation:	for from the contract of the
Learner	Sing: "The Season Song"	
	Unencumbered read: <u>Seasons and Weather</u> PowerPoint -	Differentiated Instruction:
Interact with text/concept Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technology Questioning/Engageme nt/Writing/Checking for Understanding	As students become aware of the repetitive phrase at the bottom of each page, encourage them to join in.	English Learners: I see He/She has The is The animals can The people can I think that because
		Special Needs: Point to illustrations and words in text.
		Accelerated Learners: What do you think is the most important detail on this page? How do you know?
	Weather Log – Observing and Recording	Differentiated Instruction:
Extending Understanding	Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).	Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently. English Learners: Model sentence
Writing	What is the weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be?	for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students
	Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.	in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is" or "It is" Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key
	After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days? How many windy days? Which weather condition has more? Has less? Etc)	vocabulary such as "Sunny".
Lesson Reflection with Students	Big Idea: Weather within each season can be predictable.	
	 Essential Questions: How does weather with in each season impact our daily Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time? 	lives?

Lesson Reflection

Teacher	
Reflection	
Evidenced by	
Student	
Learning/	
Outcomes	

SAUSD Common Core Lesson Planner

Common Core Unit	Kindergarten Lesson # 3 Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts Date:			
(Unit 4 in OCR)				
Common Core and Content Standards	RI. 1 Ask/answer questions 2. Main topic and key details 3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information 4. Ask/answer questions -unknown words 5. front & back cover, title page 7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text 8. Identify reasons that support points in text 10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High- frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text			
	<u>Science</u> K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one referenc K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.	e (e.g., above or below).		
Materials/	Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers			
Resources/	Red : "The Seasons Song" OC Unit 4 Big Book <u>W</u>	ind: What Happens When the Wind Blows		
Lesson	Blue: Weather Log			
Preparation				
Objectives	Content: Green: Students will identify position words and context clues. Students will: rhyme, oral-blend, identify long vowel sounds, and know /s/ and "s". Red: Students learn and understand the four seasons. Blue: Students will identify and record the weather.	Language: Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning Message. Students will listen and participate in whole group activities. Red: Students will listen and answer questions citing evidence from the text and illustrations in a whole group and with partners. Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the daily weather.		
Depth of	□ Level 1: Recall	Skill/Concept		
Knowledge Level		Extended Thinking		
College and Career Ready Skills	 ☑ Demonstrating independence ☑ Building strong content knowledge ☑ Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline ☑ Comprehending as well as critiquing ☑ Valuing evidence ☑ Using technology and digital media strategically and capably ☐ Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures 			
G G	☐ Building knowledge through content-rich			
Common Core Instructional	□ Bunding knowledge through content-fren □ Reading and writing grounded from text			
Shifts Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary				
A Ca TEACH ER PROVI	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO WORDS WORTH KNOWING UNDERSTANDING			

	daily, migrate, bud, ripen, chilly, hibernate, scorching, predictable, season, foggy	difference, storm prepare	, cool, certain, type, expect, due,	
STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE MEANING	revolving, breezy, cycle	winter, spring, su harvested	mmer, fall , wind, windy, warm,	
Pre-teaching Considerations	Students must have worked in Elbow Group working in groups. Review Elbow Group re			
	Lesson De	livery		
Instructional Methods	Check method(s) used in the lesson:			
Methods	⊠ Modeling ⊠ Guided Practice ⊠ •	Collaboration 🛭 I	ndependent Practice	
	☐ Guided Inquiry ☐ Reflection			
CCSS	Morning Message – Focuses on position w	ords and finding info	rmational evidence from text.	
Foundational Standards (K-5 only)	 Review Content / Learning Objectiv Write the following on chart paper The blossom grows beside 	 Review Content / Learning Objective. Write the following on chart paper or on the board: The blossom grows beside the green leaf. The baby bunnies hop around the garden. The season is spring. 		
	 Review position words with students as needed. Read each sentence with students and have students interact with the message by underlining the position words (beside, around). Depending on class ability/focus level have students talk to their Elbow Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods in red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.) 			
	Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:			
	OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 3, pp. 58-61. (Remember to review content/language objectives.)			
	/b/each /s/	vords may be used inot /c/	oral ea	
	T60- The Sound of SsT60-61- Linking the Sound to the Le	etter		

Prepare the Learner

Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation:

"The Season Song"

Review the song with the students. Have students act out the song with the motions.



Interact with the text/concept

2nd Read: Seasons and Weather

Differentiated Instruction:

Text Dependent Questions

English Learners: I see_____. He/She has_____

Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technolo gy Questioning/Engage ment/Writing/Check ing for Understanding

Page 3 How many seasons are there in a year? (4) How can you tell?

The _____ is _____.
The animals can_____.
The people can _____.
I think that_____ because ____.

Page 4 Based on the picture, what do you think 'cycle' is? (arrows show a circular motion) Do you see how they are moving? Step Aside: When things are moving in a circular motion, we call that 'revolving.' What is the yellow ball in the middle? (sun)

Special Needs:

Point to illustrations and words in text.

Page 5 What causes weather to change? (wind) Read the caption. What does the caption tell you about the picture? (wind brings in clouds)

Accelerated Learners:

What do you think is the most important detail on this page? How do you know?

Allow students to share their ideas in a Power Elbow Group. Invite groups to share with the whole class.

Extending Understanding Writing

Weather Log – Observing and Recording

Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).

What is the weather today, I can't wait to see.
Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be?



Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.

After completing the log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days? How many windy days? Which weather condition has more? Has less? Etc...)

Differentiated Instruction:

Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently.

English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is____." or "It is ."

Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".

Lesson Refection with Students

Big Idea:

Weather within each season can be predictable.

Essential Questions:

- How does weather with in each season impact our daily lives?
- Why do we observe weather?

	How does weather change over time?		
	Lesson Reflection		
Teacher			
Reflection			
Evidenced			
by Student			
Learning/			
Outcomes			

SAUSD Common Core Lesson Planner

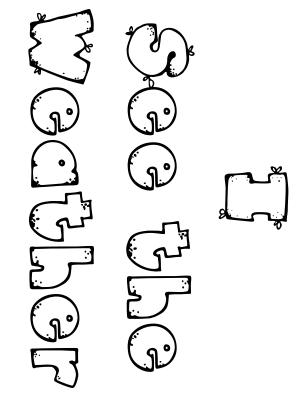
Common Core Unit	_	ime/Period: 75 rate:	min. Course: Language Arts
(Unit 4 in OCR)			
Common Core and Content Standards	RI. 1 Ask/answer questions 2. Main topic and key details 3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information 4. Ask/answer questions -unknown words 5. front & back cover, title page 7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text 8. Identify reasons that support points in text 10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences b. Common spellings long and short sounds c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words 4 Emergent-reader text W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1-2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.			
Materials/); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) T 78-81
Resources/	Red: http://app.discoverye	education.com/se	earch?Ntt=weather&N=18340, _note taking guide
Lesson	Optional I See the Weather Er	mergent Reader	
Preparation	Blue: Weather Log	1	
Objectives	Content: Green: Students will identify and context clues. Students will: rhyme, oral-ble vowel sounds, and know /m/ Red: Students will sort vocabucards. Students practice reading sigh weather words with fluency. Blue: Students will identify an weather.	nd, identify long and "m". ulary picture	Language: Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning Message. Students will listen and participate in whole group activities. Red: Students will discuss and describe their sort in complete sentences in Power Elbow Groups. Students will read the emergent reader chorally. Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the
	Weather. Level 1: Recall	☐ Level 2: S	daily weather.
Depth of Knowledge Level	☑ Level 1: Recall☑ Level 3: Strategic Thinki		Extended Thinking
College and Career Ready Skills	 ☑ Demonstrating independence ☑ Building strong content knowledge ☑ Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline ☑ Comprehending as well as critiquing ☑ Valuing evidence ☑ Using technology and digital media strategically and capably 		
Common Core Instructional Shifts	 ☑ Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts ☑ Reading and writing grounded from text ☑ Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary 		

		VEV MODDS ESSENTIAL TO	14/0	DDC MODTH KNOWING	
F. 88 1		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING		
Academic Vocabulary (Tier II & Tier III)	TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE	UNDERSTANDING scorching, chilly, balmy, freezing,			
oca Tie		EXPL			
ic V [&]	H.	cool , warm, icy	winter, spring, su	ummer, fall	
emi r II	NTS LTU				
cad Tie	STUDENTS URE OUT T				
A O	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE				
Pre-t	teaching	Students must have worked in Elbow Group:	and with a partner	. Review rules and responsibilities of	
	deration				
		Lesson Deliv	very		
	ictiona	Check method(s) used in the lesson:			
1 Mei	thods	\boxtimes Modeling \boxtimes Guided Practice \boxtimes Col	laboration 🛚 In	dependent Practice	
		\boxtimes Guided Inquiry \boxtimes Reflection			
		Morning Message – Focuses on position word	s and finding infor	mational evidence from text.	
		 Review Content / Learning Objective. 		Suggestion: Depending on student	
	CSS	Write the following on chart paper or on the board:		level you may substitute the last	
	lationa idards	The soft sand is under my feet.		sentence with: The season is This will allow students the	
	idarus nd	The hot sun is in the sky.		opportunity to determine the	
Mor	ning	The bathing suit is next to the towel.		season on their own using context clues.	
Mes	ssage	The season is summer.			
	 Review position words with students as needed. Read each sentence with students and have students interact with the message by underlining the position words. (under, in, far) Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.) 				
		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:			
	OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 4, pp. 78-81. (Remember to review content/language objectives.)				
 T78- Choose one or both Warming Up activities T79- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in Initial Consonants			lieu of the words found in OCR.)		
		/l/ eaves /r/ake			
	 T79- Listening for Long Vowel Sounds T80- The Sound of Mm 				

	T81- Linking the Sound to the Letter	
Prepare the Learner	Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation: "The Season Song" Review the song with the students. Have students act out the song with the motions.	
	Text Dependent Questions	Differentiated Instruction:
Interact with text/concept		English Learners:
text/concept	Page 5 What is wind? (moving air)	I see He/She has
Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Techno logy Questioning/Enga gement/Writing/C hecking for Understanding	Page 6 Look at the bear. The bear is hibernating. What do you think hibernating means? Look at the birds. The birds are migrating. What do you think that means?	The is The animals can The people can I think that because
	Page 7 What season are we talking about on this page? What two kinds of weather might you find in spring? (breezy, rainy) What do you think breezy means? (light, gentle wind)	Special Needs: Point to illustrations and words in text.
	Page 8 What do you think scorching means? (hot) Why do people like to go to the pool or beach in the summer? (there are many hot, scorching days)	Accelerated Learners: What do you think is the most important detail on this page? How do you know?
	Page 9 What kind of weather do we have in the fall? (windy, rainy, chilly) How do you know it is windy? (point to picture of trees)	
	Page 10 Use questions on the page. What does 'predictable' mean?	
	Optional: Emergent Reader I See the Weather Suggestions: Read whole group; read chorally two times. Chorally, divide class into two groups. Group A chants the text on the left hand side (I can see the) and Group B chants the text on the right hand side (It is); or small group. *save this reader to reread in lesson 5	
	Sing "The Seasons Song" – sing song using actions.	
Writing	Weather Log – Observing and Recording	Differentiated Instruction:
	Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).	Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently.
	What is the weather today,	
	I can't wait to see.	English Learners: Model
	Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be?	sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they

Students will act as meteorologists observing draw. They may write key and recording the daily weather. Students vocabulary such as "Sunny". If will draw the weather, circle the word that capable assist students in names the weather and may write a simple writing a sentence. May offer an sentence with support (sentence frame, LP such as: "The weather sound spelling cards) describing their daily is____." or "It is____." observation. Students will then record the **Special Needs:** Assist in writing daily weather on a bar graph in their log. beginning sounds of words in After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather small group. They can write key results for the week. (How many sunny days? How many windy days?, vocabulary such as "Sunny". Which weather condition has more? Has less? Etc...) Lesson Big Idea: Reflection Weather within each season is predictable. with Students **Essential Questions:** How does weather impact our daily lives? How can we observe weather? How does weather change over time? **Lesson Reflection Teacher** Reflection **Evidenced** by Student Learning/ **Outcomes**

I can see the weather



Images from DJ Inkers and Scrappin' Doodles

Read by.

Common Core Unit	Kindergarten Lesson # 5 Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts Date:		
(Unit 4 in OCR)	= ===================================		
Common Core and Content Standards	RI. 1 Ask/answer questions 2. Main topic and key details 3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information 4. Ask/answer questions -unknown words 5. Front & back cover, title page 7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text 8. Identify reasons that support points in text 9. Identify similarities in and differences in two texts 10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences b. Common spellings long and short sounds c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words 4 Emergent-reader text W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges 2. Ask & answer key ideas/details for clarification a. 1- 2-step oral directions 3. Ask/answer questions for help/information 4. Describe people, places, things, events 6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns d. Use question words f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation c Connections with words & use d. Spell simple words		
	5b. Antonyms c. Connections with words & use 6. Use v		
Materials/	Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) T 88-93		
Resources/		uction, Science Flipbook pg. 39; See the Weather Emergent	
Lesson	Reader	FO == , ================================	
Preparation	Blue: Weather Log		
Objectives	Content:	Language:	
3.00	Green: Students will identify position we		
	and context clues.	Message.	
	Students will: rhyme, oral-blend, identify	=	
	vowel sounds, and know /m/ and "m".	activities.	
	Red: Students learn and understand the	four Red: Students will listen and answer questions citing	
	seasons.	evidence from the text and illustrations.	
	Students practice reading sight words an	·	
	weather words with fluency.	Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the	
	Blue : Students will identify, record, and	daily weather.	
	analyze the weather.	al 2. Cl-ill/Compan4	
Depth of		el 2: Skill/Concept	
Knowledge Level	☐ Level 3: Strategic Thinking ☐ Level 4: Extended Thinking		
College and	 ☑ Demonstrating independence ☑ Building strong content knowledge ☑ Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline 		
Career Ready Skills	y ☐ Comprehending as well as critiquing ☐ Valuing evidence		
OMIII	☐ Using technology and digital media		
	_		
	☐ Coming to understand other persposed ☐ Building knowledge through content		
Common Com			
Common Core Instructional Shifts	☑ Reading and writing grounded from☑ Regular practice with complex text		

ury []	IER DES LE TION	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WOR	TH KNOWING		
Academic Vocabulary (Tier II & Tier III) STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE SIMPLE SIMPLE EXPLANATION						
			winter, spring, summer, f	fall, pattern		
Pre-teaching Considerations Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rul working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles (materials, reporter, captain, and the considerations)		-				
		Lesson Deli	very			
Instructional Methods		Check method(s) used in the lesson:				
		oxtimes Modeling $oxtimes$ Guided Practice $oxtimes$	Collaboration 🛭 Indeper	ndent Practice		
		☐ Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection				
		Morning Message – Focuses on position w	ords and finding information	nal evidence from text.		
		 Review Content / Learning Objective 	re.			
		 Write the following on chart paper or on the board: The leaves fall on the ground. The wind blows the brown leaves around the trees. The season is fall. 		Suggestion: Depending on student level you may substitute the last sentence with: The season is This will allow students the opportunity to determine the season on their own		
		 I Review position words with students as needed. 		using context clues.		
CCSS Foundational Standards And Morning Message		 Read each sentence with students and have students interact with the message by underlining the position words. (on, around) Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods in red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.) 				
		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:				
		OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 4, pp. 88-93. (Remember to review content/language objectives.)				
		 T88- Choose one or both Warming T89- Oral blending (The following wantial Consonants /w/inter /s/now /c/ocoa /b/ oots /b/are /m/ittens 	·	the words found in OCR.)		
		 T89- Listening for Long Vowel Soun T90- The Sound of Mm T91- Linking the Sound to the Lette 				

	 T92-93-Decodable Book 12 "What Can We Do?" 	
Prepare the Learner	Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation: "The Season Song" Review the song with the students. Have students act out the song wi	ith the motions.
Interact with text/concept Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technology Questioning/Engageme nt/Writing/Checking for Understanding	View video: http://app.discoveryeducation.com/search?Ntt=weather&N=18340 Note Taking Guide 1st view: in its entirety as an unencumbered view 2nd view: Play video and stop at :30 for students to read question and trace answer on note taking guide. Let students read the question together and answer out loud. Say: We are going to watch the rest of the video to discover the four kinds of weather. Be listening for the types of weather and what it looks like in the picture. Stop video at 1:12 to record two kinds of weather. Students may write the words or draw pictures. Continue to the end of the video and let students draw two more kinds of weather.	Differentiated Instruction: English Learners: I see He/She has The is The animals can The people can I think that because Special Needs: Point to illustrations and words in text. Accelerated Learners: What do you think is the most important detail on this page? How do you know?
	Science Flipbook pg. 39- Chapter 4, Lesson 3 TE pages 168-169 Optional: Science Leveled Reader <u>Seasons</u>	

Extending **Differentiated Instruction:** Weather Log - Observing and Recording Understanding **Advanced Learners:** Write longer Writing Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" sentence independently. (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat). English Learners: Model sentence What is the weather today, for students. Students repeat I can't wait to see. sentence orally as they draw. They Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, may write key vocabulary such as Which one will it be? "Sunny". If capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily an LP such as: "The weather weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that is____." or "It is____." names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily Special Needs: Assist in writing observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar beginning sounds of words in graph in their log. small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days? How many windy days?, Which weather condition has more?, has less? Etc..) **Lesson Reflection** Big Idea: with Students Weather within each season can be predictable. **Essential Questions:** How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time? **Lesson Reflection Teacher** Reflection **Evidenced by Student** Learning/ **Outcomes**

Name _____





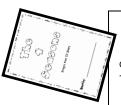
Note Taking Guide

What is weather?

Weather is "changes in the air around us".

Kindergarten Common Core Unit Overview: Week 2

Morning Message	Lesson 6	Lesson 7	Lesson 8	Lesson 9	Lesson 10
Daily					
Reading Comprehension and/or Activities Content	 Spring video Sing: The Season Hokey Pokey Read Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint with step asides for vocabulary Student little book: Investigating the Seasons-listening for details Spring Tree art 	 Summer video Sing: The Season Hokey Pokey Read Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint Student little book: Investigating the book: Investigating the Seasons-listening for details 	 Fall video Sing: The Season Hokey Pokey Read Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint Student little book: Investigating the Seasons-listening for details Fall Tree art 	Winter video Sing: The Season Hokey Pokey Read Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint Student little book: Investigating the Seasons—listening for details Winter Tree art	Sing: The Season Hokey Pokey Complete and share trees (Partner share) Read Emergent Reader: The 4 Seasons
Follow Up Writing Activities	Guided drawing: self-portrait with spring clothing/details Sing "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook	Guided drawing: self— portrait with summer clothing/details Sing "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook	Guided drawing: self— portrait with fall clothing/details Sing "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook	Guided drawing: self-portrait with winter clothing/details Sing "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook	Independent drawing: self-portrait in favorite season using appropriate details Sing "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook
Materials to Prepare or Compile	Chart paper, markers Student drawing paper Video link Song: The Season Pokey Big Book: Investigating the Seasons Student tree trunk picture & tissue paper squares or paint & sponge The Weather Song Student Meteorologist Logbook	Chart paper, markers Student drawing paper Video link Song: The Season Pokey Big Book: <u>Investigating</u> the Seasons Student free trunk picture & fissue paper squares and/or paint & sponge The Weather Song Student Meteorologist Logbook	Chart paper, markers Student drawing paper Video link Song: The Season Pokey Big Book: Investigating the Seasons Student tree trunk picture & tissue paper squares and/or paint & sponge The Weather Song Student Meteorologist Logbook	 Chart paper, markers Student drawing paper Video link Song: The Season Pokey Emergent Reader: The 4 Seasons Student tree trunk picture & cotton balls or paint & sponge The Weather Song Student Meteorologist Lagbook 	Chart paper, markers Student drawing paper Song: The Season Pokey Emergent Reader: The 4 Seasons Writing paper(included) The Weather Song Student Meteorologist Logbook



Common Core Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts	
Unit Lesson # 6 Date:		
(Unit 4 in OCR)	Design in the state of the stat	
RI.1 Ask/answer questions RI.2. Main topic and key details RI.3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information RI.4. Ask/words RI.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text RI.8. Identify reasons that support points in text RI.10. Group reading act Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound confrequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Narrative W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1-2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text	RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes a. 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "1" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.3 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Narrative W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information St.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges St.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; St.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; St.4. Describe people, places, things, events; St.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions St.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "1" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below).	
K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants.		
K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.		
Materials/ Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) T 106-1 Resources/ Red: "Weather Hokey Pokey" Song; Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint; Investigating		
Resources/ Lesson Red: "Weather Hokey Pokey" Song; Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint; Investigating the Seasons PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPoint PowerPo	ing the seasons	
Preparation Blue: Paper and pencils or whiteboards and markers for students, guided drawing sar	nple ; Weather Log	
Objectives Content: Language:		
Green: Students will identify sensory words. Students will: rhyme, oral-blend, identify long vowel sounds, and know /s/ and "s" and /m/ and "m". Red: Students will discuss and understand the text. Students will learn information about spring. Blue: Students will show character and setting details. Students will identify and record the weather. Green: Students will read and intera Message. Students will listen and participate in activities. Red: Students will listen and answer evidence from the text and illustration and with partners. Students will gather information from project. Blue: Students will draw a picture. Students will observe, draw, write and setting project.	n whole group questions citing ons in a whole group	
	nd graph the daily	
weather.	nd graph the daily	
	nd graph the daily	
Depth of ☑ Level 1: Recall ☑ Level 2: Skill/Concept		
Depth of Knowledge Level Evel 1: Recall Level 2: Skill/Concept Level 3: Strategic Thinking Level 4: Extended Thinking Demonstrating independence Building strong content knowledge and Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline		
Depth of Knowledge Level Evel 1: Recall Level 2: Skill/Concept Level 3: Strategic Thinking Level 4: Extended Thinking Demonstrating independence Building strong content knowledge Building strong content knowledge Demonstrating independence Building strong content knowledge Demonstrating independence Building strong content knowledge Demonstrating independence De		
Depth of Knowledge Level College and Career Ready College And Career Ready Newether. Level 2: Skill/Concept Level 2: Skill/Concept Level 4: Extended Thinking Building strong content knowledge and discipline Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline		

Common Core Literacy Shifts		⊠ Building knowledge through content-rich non	fiction texts		
		☐ Reading and writing grounded from text			
		Regular practice with complex text and its aca	ademic vocabulary		
Academic Vocabulary STUDENTS FIGURE SIMPLE SIMPLE		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING		
		senses, scientist, investigate, ripening, sipping, nectar, bloom, crackling, nip	chirping, vines, melting, underneath, crunching, pie, freshly, melting, cocoa		
		touch, sound, taste, smell, rain, seasons, warmer, snow, cold	spring, summer, fall, winter, grass, strawberries, pumpkins, growing, yummy, colorful, fire		
	eaching deration	• Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of			
		Lesson Deliver	y		
Instructional Check method(s) used in the lesson:		Check method(s) used in the lesson:			
Methods ⊠Modeling ⊠Guided Practice □Collaboration □ Indepen		oration Independent Practice			
☐ Guided Inquiry ☐ Reflection		⊠ Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection			
CC Founda Stand and Mess	ational lards orning	 each of the weather words.) Read each sentence with students and dr Depending on class ability/focus level, corto identify the capital letter at the beginn 	Suggestion: Students can write message on white boards and interact with it on their own board while you model on chart paper. Students may draw a picture that matches text. The eded. (Suggestion: Assign a physical motion to aw a box around the weather words. Intinue to have students talk to their Elbow Partner ing of the sentence, sight words and punctuation alletters in green, circle the periods in red, and sight on they are currently working on, or use the con 6, pp. 106-111 ess.) Ctivities		

Prepare the Learner

Video: Students watch and listen to the spring video as an introduction for the day's focus season.

http://app.discoveryeducation.com/search?Ntt=weather+and+seas ons&N=18340

Introduce "Seasons Hokey Pokey" song to the students. Add motions to the words when applicable.



English Learners:

I see He/She has	
The is	
The animals can	
I think that	
because	
The text is about .	

Differentiated Instruction

Special Needs:

Point to details in the pictures.

Accelerated Learners:

What do you think is the most important idea on this page? How do you know?

Give me three examples from the illustrations that tell me why you think the text is about____.

Big Book/PowerPoint: Investigating the Seasons

Interact with the text/concept

Investigating

the

Seasons

Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technol ogy Questioning/Enga gement/Writing/C hecking for Understanding

1st read: Unencumbered with the whole group.

2nd read: pp. 1-4. Read page 4 slowly as students listen for spring details.

Student Book- Students listen for details as the teacher reads They add the details into their book (baby birds, rain, grass, strawberries). Students write "It is spring." on the line.

Art/Science: In power elbow groups, students will color tree trunk, cut, glue, and decorate their tree with blossoms and leaves. Students can paint blossoms or use 1/2 inch square papers and twist on the eraser side of a pencil and glue to tree. Leaves can be drawn/painted prior to gluing/painting blossoms. Have students draw in the weather (raindrops) around their tree. Keep trees for sharing in lesson 10.

Extending	Guided Drawing- Students draw a self- portrait with appropriate	Differentiated Instruction:
Understanding	spring clothing/details. See example.	Advanced Learners: Write longer
Writing	Weather Log – Observing and Recording Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat). What is the weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be? Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log. After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the weather (Heavy many cappy days? Heavy many windy days).	English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable, assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is" Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".
	results for the week. (How many sunny days?, How many windy day?; etc Which weather condition has more?, has less?)	
Lesson Reflection with the Students	Big Idea: Weather within each season can be predictable. Essential Questions: How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time?	
	Lesson Reflection	
Teacher Reflection Evidenced by Student Learning/ Outcomes		

Investigating the Seasons





There are four seasons in a year. They are winter, spring, summer, and fall.



The weather changes during each season. What are some of the changes?



How do we know when it is spring?

Let's investigate!



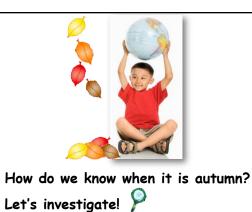
In spring, we can see new leaves and buds on the trees. We can hear baby birds chirping. We can feel the drops of rain. We can smell the flowers in the gardens. We can taste the delicious strawberries picked from the fields.



How do we know when it is summer? Let's investigate!



In summer, we can see many green leaves on the trees. We can hear bees buzzing from flower to flower. We can feel the days grow warmer and warmer. We can smell fruit ripening on the trees. We can taste yummy ice cream during a picnic in the park.





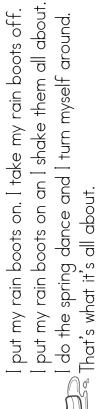
In autumn, we can see the colorful leaves falling from the trees. We can hear their crunch under our feet. We can feel the wind blowing our hair. We can smell the pumpkin pie baking in the oven. We can taste the freshly picked apples.





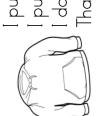
In winter, we can see the bare trees. All their leaves are gone. We can hear the crackling of the warm fire. We can feel the cold air nip at our nose. We can smell the hot cocoa in the cup, while snowflakes fall all around us.

Seasons Hokey Pokey





I put my sunglasses on. I take my sunglasses off. I put my sunglasses on an I shake them all about. I do the summer dance and I turn myself around. That's what it's all about.



I put my sweater on. I take my sweater off. I put my sweater on an I shake it all about. I do the fall dance and I turn myself around. That's what it's all about.



I put my mittens on. I take my mittens off. I put my mittens on an I shake them all about. I do the winter dance and I turn myself around. That's what it's all about.

Investigating

the

Seasons

Images from DJ Inkers and Google image



Student Book



Guided Drawing



Be sure to add seasonal weather (raindrops) to the Pictorial and Student Tree.

Student Tree



Common Como	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts		
Common Core Unit	Lesson #7 Date:		
(Unit 4 in OCR)	Lesson # /	ate	
(Ullit 4 III OCK)	RI.1 Ask/answer questions RI.2. Main topic	c and key details RL3. Conn	ections b/w individuals/events/information RI.4. Ask/answer questions -unknown
Common Core and Content Standards	RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes a. 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.3 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1-2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5 a. Sort common objects into categories G. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below).		
	1		(e.g., above or below).
Materials/			; OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) TE 130-133
Resources/			the Seasons PowerPoint; <u>Investigating the Seasons</u> student
Lesson	book; Student trees; paint, tis.		' -
Preparation	Blue : Paper and pencils or whiteboards and markers for students, guided drawing sample ;Weather Log		
Objectives	Content:		Language:
	Green: Students will identify	sensory words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning
	and context clues.		Message.
	Students will: rhyme, oral-ble	-	Students will listen and participate in whole group
	long vowel sounds, and know		activities.
	Red: Students learn and unde	rstand the four	Red: Students will listen and answer questions citing evidence from the text and illustrations in a whole group
	seasons. Students will learn informatio	on about	and with partners.
	summer.	about	Students will gather information from pictorial and art
	Blue: Students will show chara	acter and setting	project.
	details.		Blue: Students will draw a picture.
	Students will identify and rec	ord the	Students will observe, draw, write and graph the daily
	weather.		weather.
Depth of			
Knowledge Level	☐ Level 3: Strategic Thinking ☐ Level 4: Extended Thinking		
	☐ Demonstrating independent	ence	☑ Building strong content knowledge
College and Career Ready			e, task, purpose, and discipline
Skills	Comprehending as well a	as critiquing	☐Valuing evidence
	Susing technology and digi	ital media strategi	cally and capably
	☐ Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures		

Common Core	図 Building knowledge through content-rich nor	nfiction texts		
Literacy Shifts	□ Reading and writing grounded from text			
	☐ Regular practice with complex text and its ac	ademic vocabulary		
	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING		
Academic Vocabulary INTS TEACHER RE SIMPLE	showers, blossoms, bloom, harvested	chirping, gentle		
STUDE FIGU MEAN		branches, leaves, trunk		
Pre-teaching Consideration				
	Lesson Deliver	y		
Instructional	Check method(s) used in the lesson:			
Methods	⊠Modeling □Guided Practice ⊠Collab	ooration Independent Practice		
	⊠Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection			
CCSS Foundational Standards and Morning Message	Partner to identify the capital letter at the punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underlinered, and sight words may be highlighted in Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section following: OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesse (Remember to review content/language objective) • T130- Choose one or both Warming Up a	with: It is This will allow students the opportunity to determine the season on their own using context clues. needed. ntinue and have students talk to their Elbow e beginning of the sentence, sight words and ne the capital letters in green, circle the periods in in yellow. on they are currently working on, or use the on 7, pp. 130-33 ess.)		

Prepare the Learner

Video: Students watch and listen to the summer video as an introduction for the day's focus season.

http://app.discoveryeducation.com/search?Ntt=weather+and+seas ons&N=18340

Sing Seasons Hokey Pokey

Differentiated Instruction

English Learners: I see_____. He/She has_____. The ____ is _____.

I think that____ because

Special Needs:

Point to details in the picture.

The text is about

Accelerated Learners: What do you think is the most

important idea on this page? How do you know?

Give me three examples from the illustrations that tell me why you think the text is about .



Interact with text/concept

Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technol Questioning/Enga gement/Writing/C hecking for Understanding

Investigating the Seasons: Read pp. 5-6. Read page 6 slowly as students listen for summer details.

Student Book- Students listen for details as the teacher reads. They add the details into their book (bees, sun, ice cream, tree fruit, flowers). Students write "It is summer." in their book.



Art/Science: In power elbow groups, students will color tree trunk, cut, glue, and decorate their tree with apples and leaves. Students can paint/color the apples. Students can draw the seasonal weather (sunny) above their tree. Save trees for sharing in lesson 10.

Extending Understanding Writing

Guided Drawing- Students draw a self- portrait with appropriate summer clothing/details. See example.

Weather Log – Observing and Recording

Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).

> What is the weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be?



Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.

After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days? How many windy days? etc... Which weather condition has more? Has less?)

Differentiated Instruction: Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently.

English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is____." or "It is____."

Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".

Lesson Reflection	Big Idea: Weather within each season can be predictable.
with the Students	Essential Questions:
	How does weather within each season impact our daily lives?
	Why do we observe weather?
	How does weather change over time?
	Lesson Reflection
Teacher	
Reflection	
Evidenced	
by Student	
Learning/	
Outcomes	

Student Book

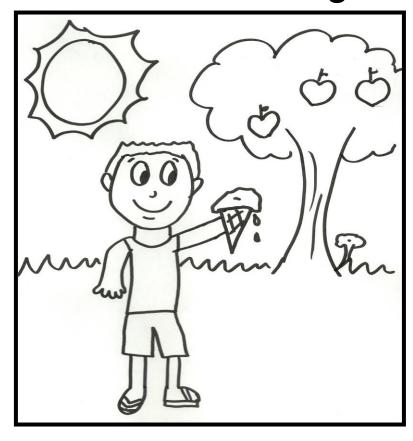


Be sure to add seasonal weather (sunny) to the Pictorial and Student Tree.

Student Tree



Guided Drawing



Common Core	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts		
Unit	Lesson # 8 Date:		
(Unit 4 in OCR)			
Content CCSS	RI.1 Ask/answer questions RI.2. Main topic and key details RI.3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information RI.4. Ask/answer questions -unknown words RI.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text RI.8. Identify reasons that support points in text RI.10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions		
	RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words		
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
	W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ e W.3 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Narrative		
	W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (A W. 8 Recall information	dding Details)	
	SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversation: SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-st SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas		rules b. Multiple exchanges Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events;
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
	Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.		
Materials/	Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) TE 142-145		
Resources/	Red :" The Weather Song"; "Investigating the Seasons", PowerPoint; <u>Investigating the Seasons</u> student		
Lesson	book; student trees; paint, tissue paper, and/or crayons.		
Preparation	Blue: Paper and pencils or white	boards and mai	kers for students, guided drawing sample; Weather Log
Objectives	Content:		Language:
, and the second	Green: Students will identify se and context clues.	nsory words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning Message.
	Students will: rhyme, oral-blend vowel sounds, and know /d/ and		Students will listen and participate in whole group activities.
	Red: Students practice reading s and sensory words with fluency.		Red: Students will read, draw, and write in the emergent reader. Students will gather information from pictorial
	Students will learn information a		and art project.
	Blue: Students will show charact	_	Blue: Students will draw a picture. Students will observe,
	details. Students will identify an weather.		draw, write and graph the daily weather.
Depth of	∠ Level 1: Recall	⊠ Level 2:	Skill/Concept
Knowledge Level	□ Level 3: Strategic Thinking □	, <u> </u>	Extended Thinking
	☑ Demonstrating independen	ce	☑ Building strong content knowledge
College and Career Ready	l <u></u>		e, task, purpose, and discipline
Skills	Comprehending as well as		Valuing evidence
	Using technology and digital media strategically and capably		
	Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures		

Common Core		図 Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts				
Literacy Shifts		☐ Reading and writing grounded from text				
		⊠ Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary				
		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING W		S WORTH KNOWING		
ح د	TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE	grainy				
Academic Vocabulary	TEA PRO SIN					
cad				hot, cool		
♦ >	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	sandy, ocean sandy, ocean		1100, 0001		
	eaching derations	Students must have worked in Elbow Groups an working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles (r	·			
	Ī	Lesson Deliver	y			
Instru Met	ctional	Check method(s) used in the lesson:				
Met	nous	⊠Modeling ⊠Guided Practice ⊠Collab	oration 🗌 Indep	endent Practice		
		⊠Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection				
		Morning Message – Focuses on sensory words ar	nd finding information	onal evidence from text.		
		Barian Cantant / Lagrains Objective		Constitution to the		
		Review Content / Learning Objective.Write the following on chart paper or on	the board:	Suggestion: Students can write message on white		
		I step on the crunchy leaves.		boards and interact with it on their own board while		
		The leaves are red, yellow, ora	you model on chart paper. Students may draw a picture			
		The weather is cool and it is fall.		that matches text.		
		Review weather words with students as needed.				
		Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow Postport to identify the continue at the beginning of the contents sight words and				
		Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods in				
CC	CSS	red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.)				
Found	ational	Foundational Skills (Green Section)				
and M	dards orning sage	Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:				
	O	OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson				
		(Remember to review content/language objective	es.)			
		• T142- Choose one or both Warming Up activities • T143 Oral blanding /The following words may be used in liqu of the words found in OCP.)				
		• T143- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in OCR.)				
		Initial Consonants /s/unny /b/ug				
		/b/utterfly /f/un				
		/r/ainbow /c/ool				
		Final Consonants				
		rai/n/ win/d/				
		ki/t/ wor/m/ clou/d/ bree/z/				
		 T143- Listening for Long Vowel Sounds 				
		• T144- The Sound of Dd				
		 T144-145- Linking the Sound to the Letter 	•			

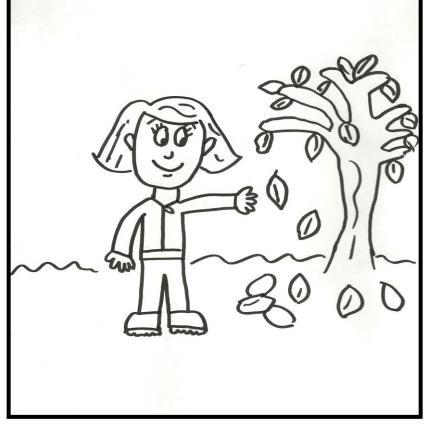
Video: Students watch and listen to the fall video as an introduction for the day's focus season. **Prepare** http://app.discoveryeducation.com/search?Ntt=weather+and+sea The Learner sons&N=18340 **Differentiated Instruction: Big Book/PowerPoint:** Investigating the Seasons **English Learners: Interact with** the Seasons I see_____. He/She has_____ Text/concept _ is _____. I think that____ because The text is about___ Read pp. 7-8 slowly as students listen for fall details. Activities Tasks/ **Special Needs:** Strategies/Technolo **Student Book-** Students listen for details as the teacher reads. Point to details in the picture. They add the details into their book (colored leaves, pumpkins, Questioning/Engage ment/Writing/Check **Accelerated Learners:** apples). Students write "It is fall." in their b ing for What do you think is the most Understanding important idea on this page? How do you know? Give me three examples from the illustrations that tell me why you think the text is **Art/Science:** In power elbow groups, students will color tree trunk, about___. cut, glue, and decorate their tree with colored leaves. Students can use 1/2 inch square papers and twist on the eraser side of a pencil and glue to tree. Leaves can also be drawn or painted. Have students draw in the weather (wind) around their tree. Keep trees for sharing in lesson 10.

Guided Drawing- Students draw a self- portrait with appropriate **Differentiated Instruction:** Extending **Advanced Learners:** Write fall clothing/details. See example. **Understanding** longer sentence independently. Weather Log – Observing and Recording Writing English Learners: Model Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" sentence for students. Students (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat). repeat sentence orally as they What is the weather today, draw. They may write key I can't wait to see. vocabulary such as "Sunny". If Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, capable assist students in Which one will it be? writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is____." or "It is____." Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw **Special Needs:** Assist in writing the weather, circle the word that names the beginning sounds of words in weather and may write a simple sentence with small group. They can write key support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) vocabulary such as "Sunny". describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log. After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days?, How many windy day?, etc... Which weather condition has more?, has less?) Lesson Big Idea: Reflection with Weather within each season can be predictable. the Students **Essential Questions:** How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time? **Lesson Reflection** Teacher Reflection **Evidenced** by Student Learning/ **Outcomes**

Student Book



Guided Drawing



Be sure to add seasonal weather (wind spirals) to the Pictorial and Student Tree.

Student Tree



Common Core	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts			
Unit (Unit 4 in OCR)	Lesson # 9 Date:			
(Ullit 4 III OCK)	RI.1 Ask/answer questions RI.2. Main topic and key details RI.3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information F Ask/answer questions -unknown words RI.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text RI.8. Identify reasons that suppoints in text RI.10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions			
	RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words			
Common Core and Content	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text			
Standards	W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.3 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Narrative W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details)			
	W. 8 Recall information		,	
	SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; S Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas			
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text			
	Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.			
Materials/); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) TE 155-157	
Resources/			the Seasons PowerPoint; Student book; Student trees;	
Lesson	paint, cotton, and/or crayons		where the standards and deal describes around a March and a	
Preparation		niteboards and ma	rkers for students, guided drawing sample; Weather Log	
Objectives	Content: Green: Students will identify	concoruwords	Language: Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning	
	and context clues.	sensory words	Message.	
	Students will: rhyme, oral-ble	end, identify long	Students will listen and participate in whole group	
	vowel sounds, and know /d, s	s, m/ and "d, s,	activities.	
	m".			
	Red: Students will learn infor		Red: Students will gather information from pictorial and	
	winter. Students practice read and sensory words with fluen		art project. Students will read, draw, and write in the emergent reader.	
	Blue: Students will show char	•	Blue: Students will draw a picture. Students will observe,	
	details. Students will identify weather.		draw, write and graph the daily weather.	
Depth of	☐ Level 1: Recall ☐ Level 2: Skill/Concept			
Knowledge Level	Level 3: Strategic Think	ing 🔲 Level 4: 1	Extended Thinking	
College	☑ Demonstrating independ	lence	☑ Building strong content knowledge	
College and Career Ready	Ready Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline			
Skills				
		itai incuia sirateg	сану ана сараму	

Common Core Literacy Shifts		Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures				
		☐ Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts				
		☐ Reading and writing grounded from text				
		Regular practice with complex text and its a	⊠ Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary			
Academic Vocabulary STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE STANFILE STAN		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING			
		crunchy, harvest				
		step, leaves	red, yellow, orange, brown			
	eaching	•	nd with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of			
Consid	deration	working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles Lesson Delive				
Instru	ctional	Check method(s) used in the lesson:	1 <u>y</u>			
Met			horation Independent Practice			
		⊠Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection				
		Morning Message – Focuses on sensory words and finding informational evidence from text.				
		 Review Content / Learning Objective. 				
		Write the following on chart paper or on the board:				
		The snow is cold. My hands are freezing.				
		The trees are bare because it is winter.				
		 Review weather words with students as needed. Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow 				
CC	CSS	Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods in red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.)				
Found	ational	Foundational Skills (Green Section)				
Stand and M Mes	orning	Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:				
		OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 9, pp. 155-157 (Remember to review content/language objectives.)				
		 T154- Choose one or both Warming Up activities T155- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in OCR.) 				
		Initial Consonants /s/ummer /h/ot /s/and /b/each /t/owel /p/ool				
		Final Consonants su/n/ she/l/ sur/f/ towe/l/ swi/m/ di/v/				
	 T155- Listening for Long Vowel Sounds 					

- T156- The Sounds of Dd, Mm, and Ss.
- T156-157- Linking the Sound to the Letter

Prepare the Learner

Video: Students watch and listen to the winter video as an introduction for the day's focus season.

http://app.discoveryeducation.com/search?Ntt=weather+and+seasons&N=18340

Today you will show the section "winter" (2:28).

1. Intro into the video: Purpose:

Say: Yesterday we learned about autumn, also called _____. (review the tree map) Today's video will talk about the next season.

Use your eyes and ears to learn about the next season . What do you think it will be? (winter)

- 2. Now show the "Winter" video section. **Ask:** What findings, things you saw or heard, should we add them to our tree map? (Students share with partners) and teacher adds their findings to the tree map.
- 3. **Sing:** "Seasons, Hokey, Pokey" song to the students (available in Power Point) Add motions to the words where applicable- get the students moving!

Differentiated Instruction

English Learners:

I see He/She has	
The is	
The animals can	
I think that	
because	
The text is about .	

Special Needs:

Point to details in the picture.

Accelerated Learners:

What do you think is the most important idea on this page? How do you know?

Give me three examples from the illustrations that tell me why you think the text is about .



Big Book- Read pp. 9-10 slowly as students listen for winter details. Investigating the beasons Interact with text/concept Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technol **Student Book-** Students listen for details as the teacher reads. They add the details to their picture in their book (snowflakes and Questioning/Enga gement/Writing/C hot cocoa). Students write "It is winter." in their book. hecking for Understanding **Art/Science:** Student will color tree trunk, cut, glue, and decorate their tree with snow. Students can paint, color, or glue cotton balls for the snow. Have students draw in the weather (snowflakes) around their tree. Keep student trees for the book students will make in Lesson 10 Extending Differentiated Instruction: **Guided Drawing-** Students draw a self- portrait with appropriate **Understanding** winter clothing and details. Writing Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently. Weather Log – Observing and Recording English Learners: Model Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" sentence for students. Students (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat). repeat sentence orally as they What is the weather today, draw. They may write key I can't wait to see. vocabulary such as "snowy". If Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, capable assist students in writing Which one will it be? a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is____." or "It Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the **Special Needs:** Assist in writing weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, beginning sounds of words in sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will small group. They can write key then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log. vocabulary such as "Snowy". After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather results for the week. (How many sunny days?, How many windy day?, etc... Which weather condition has more?, has less?) Lesson Big Idea: Reflection Weather within each season can be predictable. with the **Students Essential Questions:** How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time? **Lesson Reflection**

Teacher	
Reflection	
Evidenced	
by Student	
Learning/	
Outcomes	

Common Core	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts		
Unit	Lesson # 10 Date:		
(Unit 4 in OCR)			
Common Core and Content Standards	Al. 1 Ask/answer questions RI.2. Main topic and key details RI.3. Connections b/w individuals/events/information RI.4. Ask/answer questions -unknown words RI.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and text RI.8. Identify reasons that support points in text RI.10. Group reading activities a. Prior knowledge b. Make predictions RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes a. Priorics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High- requency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words 1.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end sunctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories b. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text N.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion N.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion N.3 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Narrative N.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) N.6 Recall information Sci.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges Sci.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1 - 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; Sci.5. Speak audibly to express ideas 1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns c. Produce/expand complete sentences c. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end sunctuation d. Spell simple words c. Produce/expand complete sentences c. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentenc		
	K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below).		
Motorials/	K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and thro). OCP 4 TE (Green Section) TE 155 157
Materials/ Resources/	Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR U.4 TE (Green Section) TE 155-157 Red: Song; construction paper, glue and/or crayons, Four Seasons Emergent Reader		
Lesson	Blue: Formative assessment paper; guided drawing sample; Weather Log		
Preparation		. 5	5
Objectives	Content:		Language:
	Green: Students will identify sens	ory words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning
	and context clues.	1	Message.
	Students will: rhyme, oral-blend, in vowel sounds, and know /p/ and "		Students will listen and participate in whole group activities.
	Red: Students will learn information	•	Red: Students will make a book using self created trees.
	the seasons.		
	Students practice reading sight wo	ords and	Students will read, draw, and write in the emergent
	sensory words with fluency.	and satting	reader.
	Blue: Students will show character details.	and setting	Blue: Students will draw a picture.
	Students will identify and record t	:he	Students will observe, draw, write and graph the daily
	weather.		weather.
Depth of	☐ Level 1: Recall		Skill/Concept
Knowledge Level	△ Level 3: Strategic Thinking	□ Level 4: 1	Extended Thinking
	☑ Demonstrating independence		☑ Building strong content knowledge
College and	Responding to varying deman	ds of audienc	ee, task, purpose, and discipline
Career Ready Skills	 ⊠ Comprehending as well as critiquing □ Valuing evidence 		
OMIIS	Using technology and digital media strategically and capably		
	☐ Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures		
	Lang to understand other	perspectives	and cultures

Common Core Literacy Shifts		図 Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts			
		☐ Reading and writing grounded from text			
		□ Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary			
Academic Vocabulary INTS TEACHER PROVIDES FRE SIMPLE		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING		
		bare bare			
Aca	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	freezing WEAN Freezing	winter, cold		
	eaching derations	• Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities			
		Lesson Delive	ry		
Instru Met		Check method(s) used in the lesson:			
Met	lious	$oxed{oxed}$ Modeling $oxed{oxed}$ Guided Practice $oxed{oxed}$ Collaboration	boration 🗵 Independent Practice		
		⊠Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection			
CCSS Foundational Standards and Morning Message		 Morning Message – Focuses on sensory words and finding informational evidence from text. Review Content / Learning Objective. Write the following on chart paper or on the board: In the winter we see the cold snow. In the spring we see the wet rain. In the fall we feel the hot sun. In the fall we feel the wind. These are the seasons. Review weather words with students as needed. Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Circle the capital letters in green, circle the periods in red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.) 			
		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following: OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 10, pp. 166-170 (Remember to review content/language objectives.) • T166- Choose one or both Warming Up activities • T167- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in OCR.) Initial Consonants /f/all /w/ind /l/eaf /b/are /r/ed /o/range Final Consonants whea/t/ pumpki/n/ ra/k/ cor/n/ harves/t/ fiel/d/			

	 T167- Listening for Long Vowel Sounds 	
	 T156- The Sounds of Pp 	
	 T169- Linking the Sound to the Letter 	
	 T170-Decodable Book 13 "What Do We See?" 	
Prepare the	Video clip: The Four Seasons	Differentiated Instruction
Learner	http://app.discoveryeducation.com/search?Ntt=four+seasons&N=	
	<u>18340</u>	English Learners:
	Discuss the weather patterns shown in each season and the	I see He/She has
	clothing and actions of people in video clip. This video is a	The is
	springboard into the collaborative conversation that students are	I think that
	having about their trees.	because The text is about
Interact		The text is about
with the	Emergent Reader- The Four Seasons	Special Needs:
text/concept	Suggestions: Read whole group; read chorally two	Point to details in the picture.
	times. Chorally, divide class into two groups.	Point to details in the picture.
	Group A chants the text on the left hand side (It is	Accelerated Learners:
) and Group B chants the text on the right	What do you think is the most
Activities Tasks/	hand side (The tree has); or small group.	important idea on this page?
Strategies/Technolo gy		How do you know?
Questioning/Engage	Four Corners	
ment/Writing/Check ing for	Now it is time for each student to decide his/her favorite season.	Give me three examples from
Understanding	Distribute the small piece of paper or post-it. Have students	the illustrations that tell me
	secretly write their favorite season on the paper. Cut the tree map	why you think the text is
	up and place each section at a corner of the carpet or room.	about
	Students will go to the corner of their favorite season. The	
	students will make a circle in their corner and take turns telling	
	why the season is their favorite: I likebecause OR My	
	favorite season is because .	
	For a conclusion, have one student from each group share out	
	something that someone in their group said.	
Extending	Formative Assessment: Independent Drawing- Students	Differentiated Instruction:
Understanding Writing	independently draw a self- portrait in their favorite season. They	Advanced Leave and Marke
writing	should include appropriate clothing/details. Prompt students to	Advanced Learners: Write
	write a sentence to go with the picture.	longer sentence independently.
		English Learners: Model
	Weather Log – Observing and Recording	sentence for students. Students
	Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song"	repeat sentence orally as they
	(Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).	draw. They may write key
	What is the weather today,	vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students in
	I can't wait to see.	writing a sentence. May offer
	Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy,	an LP such as: "The weather
	Which one will it be?	is" or "It is"
	Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily	Special Needs: Assist in writing
	weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the	beginning sounds of words in
	weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame,	small group. They can write key
	sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will	vocabulary such as "Sunny".
	then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.	
	After completing log, students will discuss with a partner the weather	
	results for the week. (How many sunny days?, How many windy day?,	
	etc Which weather condition has more? has less?)	

Lesson	Big Idea:			
Reflection with the Students	Weather within each season can be predictable.			
	Essential Questions:			
	How does weather within each season impact our daily lives?			
	Why do we observe weather?			
	How does weather change over time?			
_	Lesson Reflection			
Teacher Reflection Evidenced by Student Learning/ Outcomes				

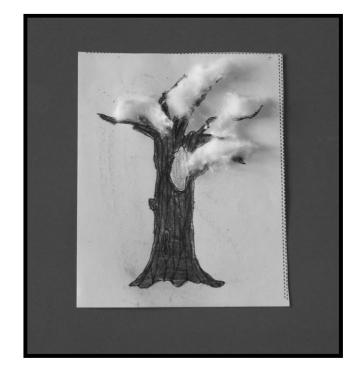
This is a sample of the student book Images from DJ Inkers Read by: My favorite season

Student Book



Be sure to add seasonal weather (snowflakes) to the Pictorial and Student Tree.

Student Tree



Guided Drawing





Kindergarten Common Core Unit Overview: Week 3

Lesson 15	 Cause/Effect Map Summative Assessment Optional Readers' Theater, Retell story using character graphics. Optional Shared Reader: Wind Says Goodnight 	 Revisit" The Weather Song Meteorologist Logbook Meteorologist reports: Share weather reports in Power elbow groups 	 Chart paper, markers Readers' Theater character graphics Emergent Reader: Wind Says Goodhight Summative assessment tree map and pictures The Weather Song Meteorologist Logbook
Lesson 14	Retell story using character graphics Optional Shared Reader: Wind Says Goodnight	Revisit "The Weather Song" Record weather in Meteorologist Logbook Meteorologist reports: Share weather reports in Power elbow groups	Chart paper, markers Readers Theater character graphics on headbands or necklaces Shared Reader: Wind Says Goodnight The Weather Song Meteorologist Logbook
Lesson 13	Read Wind Says Coodnight with text dependent questions Sequence Wind Says Goodnight in pocket chart	 Revisit "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook Meteorologist reports: Share weather reports in Power elbow groups 	 Chart paper, markers Story: Wind Says Goodnight Wind Says Goodnight flow map pictures The Weather Song Meteorologist Logbook
Lesson 12	WINDY song Science Experiment: What Can the Wind Move? Confirm Predictions made on T-Chart Read Wind Says Goodnight with text dependent questions	Revisit "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook Meteorologist reports: Share weather reports in Power elbow groups	 Chart paper, markers Science Experiment Supplies Story: Wind Says Goodnight The Weather Song Meteorologist Logbook T Chart
Lesson	WINDY song Read Wind Says Goodnight with step asides for vocabulary. T-Chart: Make Predictions: Things the Wind Can Move	Revisit "The Weather Song" Meteorologist Logbook	Chart paper, markers Action word picture cards Story: Wind Says Goodnight The Weather Song Meteorologist Logbook T Chart
Morning Message Daily	Reading Comprehens ion and/or Activities Content	Follow Up Writing Activities	Materials to Prepare or Compile

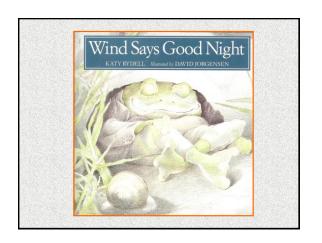
Teacher:

Common Core	Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts		
Unit (Unit 4 in OCR)	Lesson #11 Date:		
(Ollit 4 III OCK)	K.RL.2 With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.		
	K.R.L.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, setting and major events in a story.		
	KRL.5 Recognize common types of texts. KRL.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and story		
			ntrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar
	stories. K.RL.10 Actively engage	e in group reading activ	vities with purpose and understanding.
	RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. Follow words b. Spoken words = written language c. spaces b/w words d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words		
Common Core	I 1 Grammar and usage a Pri	int all unner/lowercase	b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns
and Content Standards	f. Produce/expand complete se	entences 2. Capitalization d. Spell simple wo	ation, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence ords 5a. Sort common objects into categories
	W.1 Drawing, dictating, and wri	iting -Opinion	
	W.2 Drawing, dictating, and wri		
	W.5 Production and Distributio	n of Writing (Adding D	etails)
	W. 8 Recall information		
			llow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges
	SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas		
			h Use nouns & verhs c Form regular plural nouns
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories		
	6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
	<u>Science</u>		
	K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants.		
	K.4.a Observe common objects by using the five senses.		
	K.4.b Describe the properties of common objects. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below).		
	K.4.d Compare and sort common objects by one physical attribute (e.g., color, shape, texture, size, weight).		
	K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.		
Materials/	· .	J	me (Lesson 11A; one set for whole group or one set per
Resources/			Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 11, pp. 184-209
Lesson			ook/Power Point; Blank Circle Map
Preparation Objectives	Blue: Weather Log (Lesson 1D; 1 per student) Content: Language:		
Objectives	Green: Students will identify	v action words.	Language: Green: Students will play charades and write an
		, accor nor ac	interactive Morning Message.
	Students will: rhyme, oral-bl	lend, identify long	Students will listen and participate in whole group
	vowel sounds, and know /p/ and "p". activities.		activities.
	Red: Students will discuss st	ory, Wind Says	Red: Students will listen and answer questions citing
	Goodnight by Katy Rydell.		evidence from the text and illustrations in a whole group and with partners.
	Students will predict objects moved by wind.	s that can be	Students will participate in creating a class circle map.
	Blue: Students will listen and	d answer	Blue: Students will observe, draw, write, and orally
	questions citing evidence fro		describe the daily weather.
	illustrations in a whole group	p and with	
	partners.		

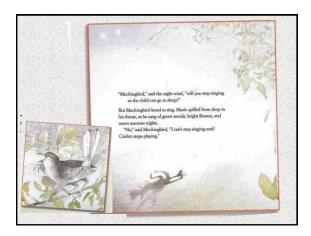
Depth of Knowledge Level		☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	ill/Concept			
		☑ Demonstrating independence	☑ Building strong content knowledge			
	ege and er Ready	⊠ Responding to varying demands of audience, t	task, purpose, and discipline			
	kills	Comprehending as well as critiquing	☐Valuing evidence			
		☐Using technology and digital media strategical	lly and capably			
		◯ Coming to understand other perspectives and				
	on Core cy Shifts	Building knowledge through content-rich nor	affiction texts			
Litterat	y Silits	Reading and writing grounded from text				
		Regular practice with complex text and its ac	•			
	E ES 25	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING			
Academic Vocabulary	TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE	throat, tapping, strumming, beat, fiddle	mist, melody, coattails, meadow,			
Aca	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	cheerful, branch, dip, twirl, shining, whispered, widespread	brushed, hovered, scooped, snuggled			
	eaching lerations	•	 Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles (materials, reporter, captain, and editor). 			
		Lesson Deliver	y			
	ctional	Check method(s) used in the lesson:				
Met	hods	oxtimes Modeling $oxtimes$ Guided Practice $oxtimes$ Collaboration $oxtimes$ Independent Practice				
	⊠Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection					
		Morning Message – Focuses on action words.				
		Review Content / Learning Objective.				
		• Introduce action words by playing charades with students.				
		Play charades whole group. You may make multiples sets of				
		picture cards (Lesson 11A) and have students play in Power				
		Elbow Groups (collaborative groups).	ecl drnk			
CCSS		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:				
		OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesse (Remember to review content/language objective	• • •			
Stan	ational dards orning	 T184- Choose one or both Warming Up activities T185- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in				
Message		Final Consonants				
		ho/p/ ta/p/ ski/p/				
		wee/p/ tri/p/ di/p/ po/p/ ti/p/ swee/	o/			
			~1			
		 T185- Listening for Long Vowel Sounds 				
		T185- Listening for Long Vowel SoundsT186- The Sounds of Pp				

Preparing the Learner	Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation: Review Big Idea: Weather happens in predictable patterns. Introduce "WINDY" song (Lesson 11B) to the students.	Differentiated Instruction English Learners: The wind The wind can The wind cannot I think the wind I predict the wind can/cannot
Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technolo gy Questioning/Engage ment/Writing/Check ing for Understanding	Big Book Read The Wind Says Goodnight in whole group with step asides as needed for vocabulary (see academic vocabulary). Circle Map Draw a circle map on chart paper or board in front of students. The title of the circle map should be: The Wind Can Move. Ask students to predict what the wind can move. Suggest objects that will be used in Lesson 12 experiment (book, paper, pencil, glue stick, and eraser). This will facilitate students as they confirm predictions in the next lesson.	I predict because Students Who Need Additional Support: Add motor images to the vocabulary words to help students identify them. Accelerated Learners: Encourage students to use context clues to identify word meanings in the story. Ask students to explain the rational for their predictions on the circle map.
Extending Understanding Writing	Weather Log – Observing and Recording Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat). Weather, Weather, Weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be? Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log. Students will work in Power Elbow Groups to report the weather. Provide students chart paper, markers etc. So they can make a poster and report weather. Switch individual roles throughout the week so everyone gets an opportunity to speak.	Differentiated Instruction: Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently. English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is" or "It is" Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".
Lesson Reflection with the Students	Big Idea: Weather happens in predictable patterns. Essential Questions: How does weather impact our daily lives? How can we observe weather? How does weather change over time?	
	Lesson Reflection	

Teacher	
Reflection	
Evidenced	
by Student	
Learning/	
Outcomes	

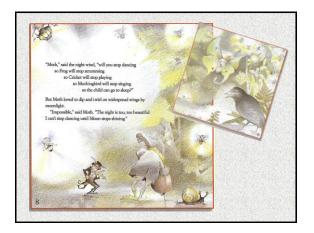


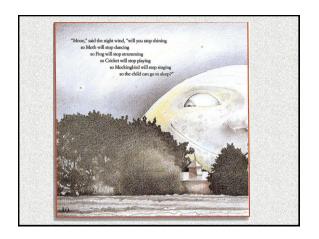


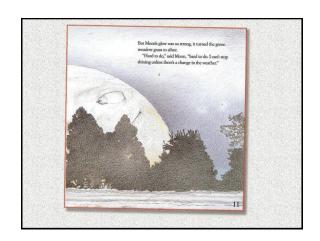


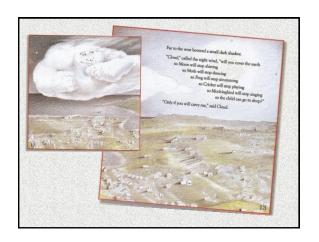


















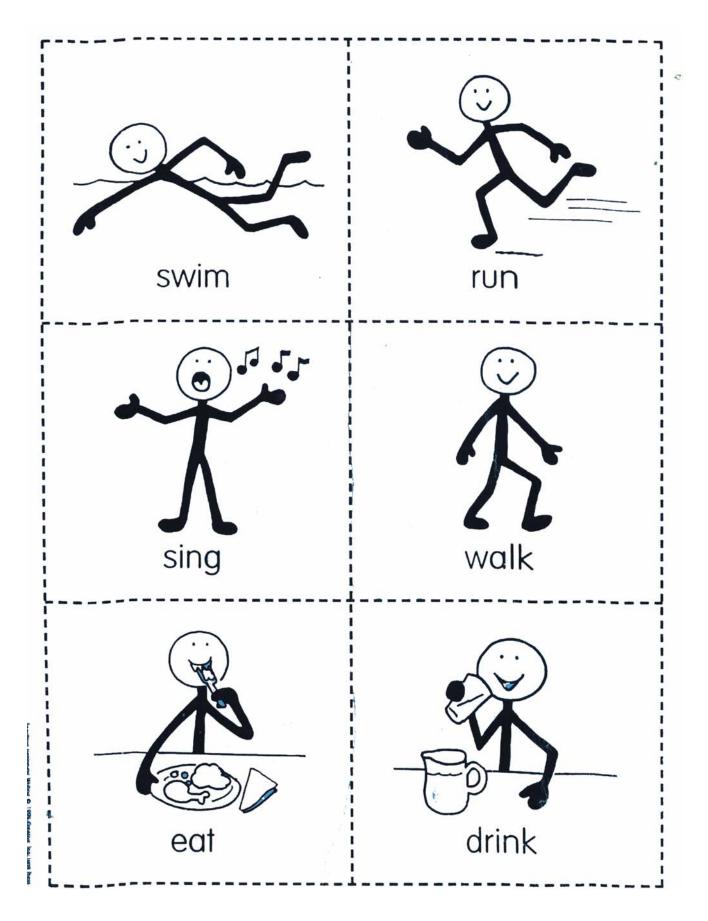




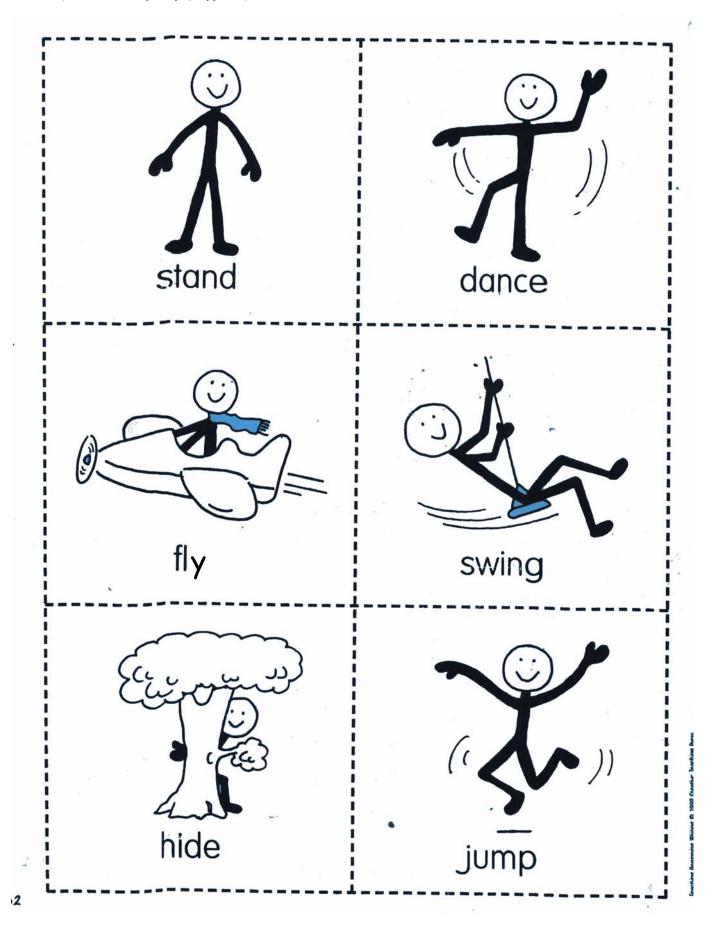




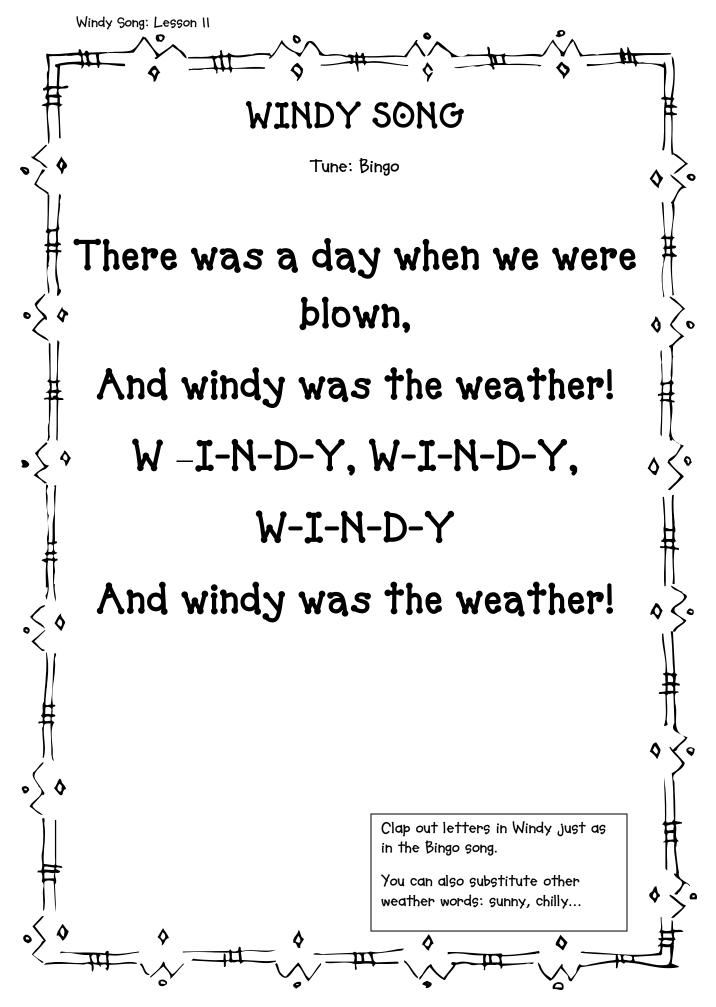




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Common Core Unit	·	Time/Period: 75	min. Course: Language Arts
(Unit 4 in OCR)	K.RL.2 With prompting and support, rete	Il familiar stories including	key details
	K.RL.3 With prompting and support, iden	-	
	KRL.5 Recognize common types of texts. K.RL.9 With prompting and support, com group reading activities with purpose and	pare and contrast the adve	strations and story ntures and experiences of characters in familiar stories. K.RL.10 Actively engage in
	d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonem	es a. rhyming words b. senes . 3 Phonics and word a	words = written language c. spaces b/w words gment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes nalysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-
Common Core and Content	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
Standards	W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information		
	SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas		
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
	Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.		
Materials/	Green: Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition, Unit 4, Lesson		
Resources/	11, pp. 196-199.		
Lesson	Red: "WINDY" song; Wind Says Goodnight Book/Power Point; Science experiment supplies: glue stick,		
Preparation		, and a piece of pap	per. Each student will need a recording sheet(from lesson
	11) Blue: Weather Log		
Objectives	Content:		Language:
0 2,0001 (05	Green: Students will identify	action words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning
	and context clues.		Message.
	Students will: rhyme, oral-blo	end, and know	Students will listen and participate in whole group activities.
	Red: Students will discuss an	d understand the	Red: Students will listen and answer questions citing
	text, Wind Says Goodnight b		evidence from the text and illustrations in a whole group
	Students identify objects the		and with partners.
	Students will confirm predict	ions made on	Students will participate in wind experiment.
	circle map.		Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the
	Blue : Students will identify, r communicate the weather.	recora,	daily weather. Students will present the weather in Power Elbow Groups.
Donth of		X Level 2.	Skill/Concept
Depth of Knowledge Level	Level 3: Strategic Think		Extended Thinking
G II .	☐ Demonstrating independ	dence	⊠ Building strong content knowledge
College and Career Ready	Responding to varying d	emands of audien	ce, task, purpose, and discipline
Skills	☐ Comprehending as well		∑Valuing evidence
		-	_ 0
	∐ Using technology and dig	gitai media strateg	ісану ани саравіу

		☐ Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures			
Common Core Literacy Shifts		⊠ Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts			
		□ Reading and writing grounded from text			
		Regular practice with complex text and its ac	ademic vocabulary		
	~ v =	KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING		
Academic Vocabulary	TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE	throat, tapping, strumming, beat, fiddle	mist, melody, coattails, meadow,		
Aca	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	cheerful, branch, dip, twirl, shining, whispered, widespread	brushed, hovered, scooped, snuggled		
	eaching lerations		d with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of materials, reporter, captain, and editor).		
		Lesson Deliver			
Instruc		Check method(s) used in the lesson:			
Meth	nods	⊠Modeling ⊠Guided Practice ⊠Collab	oration Independent Practice		
		⊠ Guided Inquiry			
CCSS Foundational Standards and Morning Message		 squiggly line under the action words (buil Depending on class ability/focus level cor Partner to identify the capital letter at the 	eded. live students interact with the message by writing a ding, skiing, throwing). Intinue and have students talk to their Elbow e beginning of the sentence, sight words and he the capital letters in green, circle the periods in myellow.) In they are currently working on, or use the on 12, pp. 196-199 ess.)		

Prepare the **Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation:** Learner Sing "WINDY" song Differentiated Instruction Science Experiment **English Learners:** The wind The wind can . In this science experiment, students blow on objects to simulate The wind cannot the wind. Place the following objects in front of students: glue I think the wind stick, pencil, scissors, eraser, book, and a piece of paper. Students I predict the wind can/cannot Interact with text/concept place them on a nearby table and blow on them. (Initially, this I predict __ because ____. should be done whole group. Teacher should choose students to Activities Tasks/ My prediction was _____. Strategies/Technol demonstrate wind. Later, the objects can be moved to the science ogy **Students Who Need Additional** station so all students will have a chance to Questioning/Enga Support: gement/Writing/C experiment. Students should record results on the hecking for Add motor images to the Understanding Can the Wind Move It? recording sheet with a vocabulary words to help students identify them. pencil or color different from their prediction color. Spend extra time on the complex text vocabulary in small groups. Why did some objects move and some did not? How Point to illustrations and words could you make them all move? in texts. **Confirming Predictions Accelerated Learners:** Encourage students to use context clues to identify word Refer to the predictions made in lesson 11. Ask: "Were the meanings in the story. predictions we made correct?" Have students retell the story in their journals. **Power Point Read Aloud with Text Dependent Questions** Read aloud: Wind Says Good Night by Katy Rydell After each question, ask: How do you know that? or What is the evidence in the text? Page 1: What is keeping the girl awake? (Mockingbird was singing) Page 2: How does mockingbird feel about singing? (loved to sing) **Page 5:** What instrument is the cricket playing? (*fiddle*) Is that real or fantasy? Why? Page 7: What word describes how Frog plays his instrument? (strumming) Page 8: What is moth doing? (dancing) **Page 13:** What causes the moon to stop shining? (wind carried cloud across the moon-evidence from picture) (across the earthevidence from words)

Writing	Weather Log – Observing and Recording	Differentiated Instruction:
	Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).	Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently.
	What is the weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be?	English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If
	Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.	capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is" or "It is" Special Needs: Assist in writing
	Meteorologist Report: Students will work in Power Elbow Groups to report the day's weather. Provide students chart paper, markers etc. so they can make a poster and report the day's weather. Switch individual roles throughout the week so everyone gets an opportunity to speak.	beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".
	Suggested linguistic patterns:	
	Today is Today's weather is Today I am wearing	
Lesson	(Students report how they dress for that weather) Big Idea:	
Reflection with the	Weather within each season can be predictable.	
Students	Essential Questions:	
	 How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? 	
	Why do we observe weather?	
	 How does weather change over time? 	
	Lesson Reflection	
Teacher		
Reflection		
Evidenced		
by Student		
Learning/ Outcomes		
Outcomes		



glue stick



Common Core Unit	·	Fime/Period: 75	min. Course: Language Arts
(Unit 4 in OCR)	1000011113		
(OIII 4 III OCK)	K.RL.2 With prompting and support, rete	II familiar stories, including	key details.
	K.RL.3 With prompting and support, iden		
	KRL.5 Recognize common types of texts. K.RL.9 With prompting and support, com group reading activities with purpose and	pare and contrast the adve	ustrations and story entures and experiences of characters in familiar stories. K.RL.10 Actively engage in
	d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonem	nes a. rhyming words b. se mes . 3 Phonics and word a	words = written language c. spaces b/w words egment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes inalysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-
Common Core and Content Standards	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper f. Produce/expand complete sentences punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. 6. Use words and phrases acquired throuw.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opir W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Info	 Capitalization, punctual Sort common objects into agh conversation and respondion 	tion, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end categories
	W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing W. 8 Recall information		
	SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversa SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to description SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas	- 2-step oral directions; SL.	n rules b. Multiple exchanges 3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events;
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text		
	Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.		
Materials/	Green: Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition, Unit 4, Lesson		
Resources/	13, pp. 206-209.		
Lesson	Red: WINDY song; Wind Says Goodnight Book/Power Point; Flow Map Picture Cards		
Preparation	Blue: Weather Log		
Objectives	Content:		Language:
	Green: Students will identify	y action words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning
	and context clues.		Message.
	Students will: rhyme, oral-blo	end, and know	Students will listen and participate in whole group
	/a/ and "a".	- d dia	activities.
	Red: Students will analyze ar Wind Says Goodnight by Kat	•	Red: Students will listen and answer questions citing evidence from the text and illustrations in a whole group
	Students will sequence even	• •	and with partners.
	Blue: Students will identify, r	•	Students will assist in creating a flow map of story events.
	communicate the weather.		Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the
			daily weather. Students will present the weather in Power Elbow Groups
Depth of		☐ Level 2:	: Skill/Concept
Knowledge Level	☐ Level 3: Strategic Think		Extended Thinking
	☑ Demonstrating independ	dence	☑ Building strong content knowledge
College and Career Ready	⊠Responding to varying d	lemands of audien	ce, task, purpose, and discipline
Skills	⊠ Comprehending as well	as critiquing	⊠Valuing evidence
	⊠ Using technology and dig	gital media strateg	gically and capably
	Coming to understand of	other perspectives	and cultures

Common Core		図 Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts				
Literacy Shifts		☐ Reading and writing grounded from text				
		☐ Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary				
		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING			
., >	TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE	throat, tapping, strumming, beat, fiddle	mist, melody, coattails, meadow,			
emic ular	TEA(PRO' SIIV	KPLAI				
Academic Vocabulary			brushed, hovered, scooped, snuggled			
A Vo	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	cheerful, branch, dip, twirl, shining, whispered, widespread	brusned, novered, scooped, snuggied			
Pre-t	eaching		d with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of			
	deration		·			
_		Lesson Deliver	y			
Instruc Met		Check method(s) used in the lesson:				
Meti	nous	☐ Modeling ☐ Guided Practice ☐ Collab	oration 🛛 Independent Practice			
		⊠Guided Inquiry ⊠ Reflection				
		Morning Message – Focuses on action words and	finding informational evidence from text.			
		 Review Content / Learning Objective. 				
		Write the following on chart paper or on the board:				
		She picks flowers.				
		Look at the pouring rain.				
		The wind blows the umbrella.				
		It is				
		Review action words with students as needed.				
		Read each sentence with students and have students interact with the message by writing a				
		 squiggly line under the action words. (picks, look, blows) Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow 				
CC	ess	, ,	e beginning of the sentence, sight words and			
Founda		punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods in				
Stand and M		red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.)				
Mes		Foundational Chille (Cycon Costion)				
		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the				
f		following:				
		OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 13, pp. 206-209				
		(Remember to review content/language objectives.)				
		T206- Choose one or both Warming Up activities				
		. T207- Oral blending				
		• T208-The Sounds of long and short a.				
Prepa	re the	• T208-209- Linking the Sound to the Letter Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation:	Differentiated Instruction			
Leai		Tho Movieuge, Context, and Motivation.	English Learners:			
		Sing "WINDY" song	The wind			
		<i>[</i> /	The wind can The animals are			
		L. L	The			
		cricket/frog/moth/mockingbird				

Interact with Text/concept

Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technol ogy Questioning/Enga gement/Writing/ Checking for Understanding

Read Aloud with Text Dependent Questions

Continue reading: Wind Says Good Night by Katy Rydell

After each question, ask, How do you know that? or What is the evidence in the text?

Pages 18-19: Why did the moth stop dancing?

Pages 20-21: Why did the frog stop strumming? Pages 22-23: Why did the cricket stop playing?

Pages 24-25: Why did the mockingbird stop singing?

Page 26: What time of day is it?

Comprehension

Sequence <u>Wind says Good Night</u> whole group with large re-telling cards in the pocket chart. Identify cards in chart. Ask, "What happens first in the story?" "What happens next?" etc. using transitional words.

The animals are ____.
The ____ did ____ because

___.
The moth stopped dancing

because____.
The frog stopped strumming

The cricket stopped playing because .

The mockingbird stopped singing because ____.

Students Who Need Additional Support:

because

Add motor images to the vocabulary words to help students identify them.

Spend extra time the complex text vocabulary in small groups.

Point to illustrations and words in texts.

Accelerated Learners:

Encourage students to use context clues to identify word meanings in the story.

Have students retell the story in their journals.

Extending Understanding Writing

Weather Log – Observing and Recording

Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).

Weather, Weather, Weather today, I can't wait to see.
Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy,
Which one will it be?

Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.

Meteorologist Report: Students will work in Power Elbow Groups to report the weather. Provide students chart paper, markers etc. So they can make a poster and report weather. Switch individual roles throughout the week so everyone gets an opportunity to speak.

Suggested linguistic patterns:		
Today is Today's weather is	Today I am wearing	. (Students
report how they dress for that weather)		



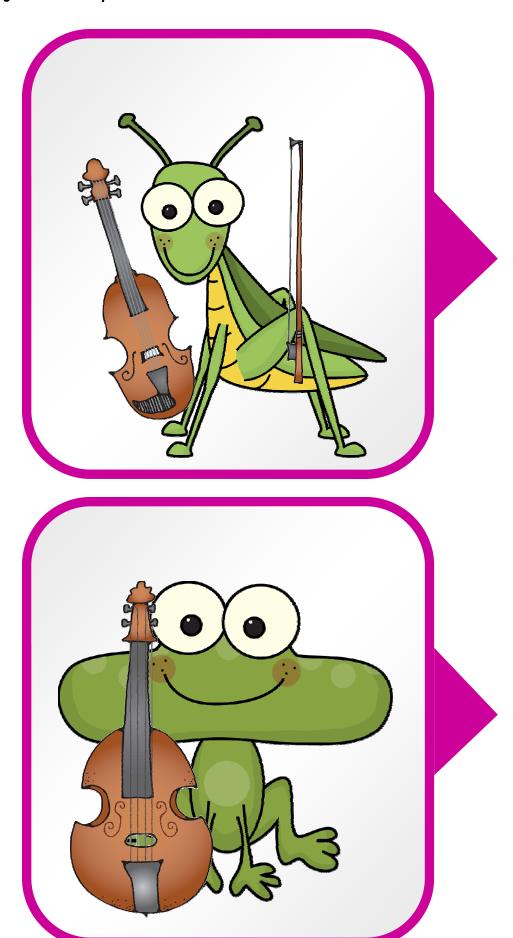
Differentiated Instruction: Advanced Learners: Write longer sentence independently.

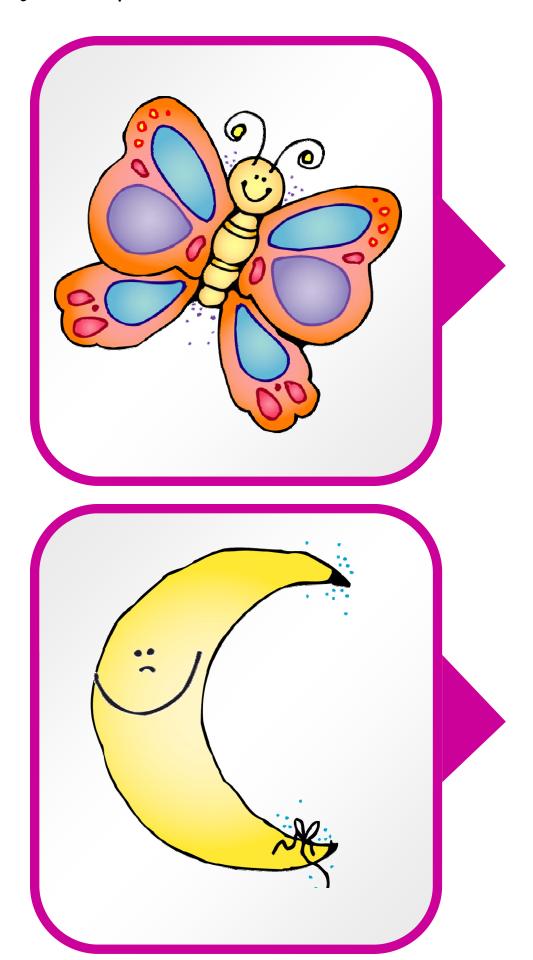
English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is ____." or "It is ____."

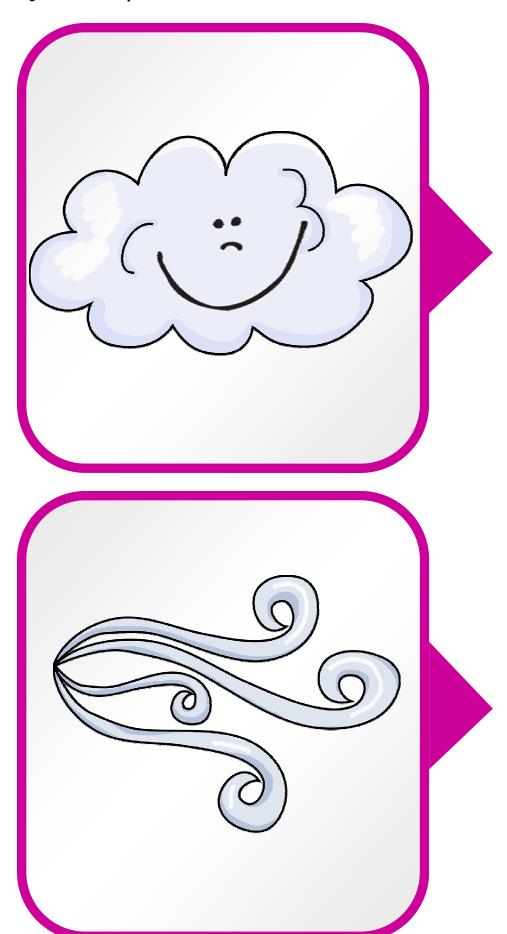
Special Needs: Assist in writing beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".

Lesson Reflection with the Students	Big Idea: Weather within each season can be predictable. Essential Questions: How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? Why do we observe weather? How does weather change over time?
	Lesson Reflection
Teacher Reflection Evidenced by Student Learning/ Outcomes	

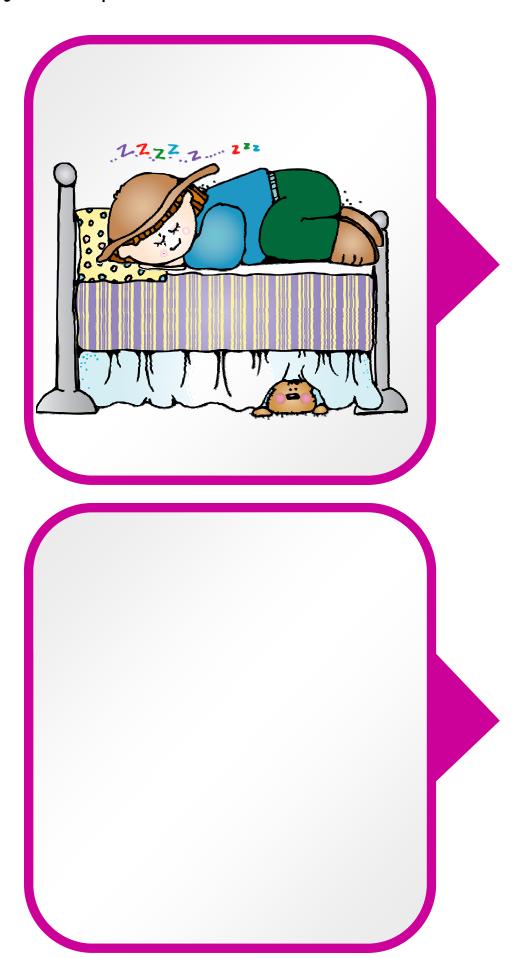


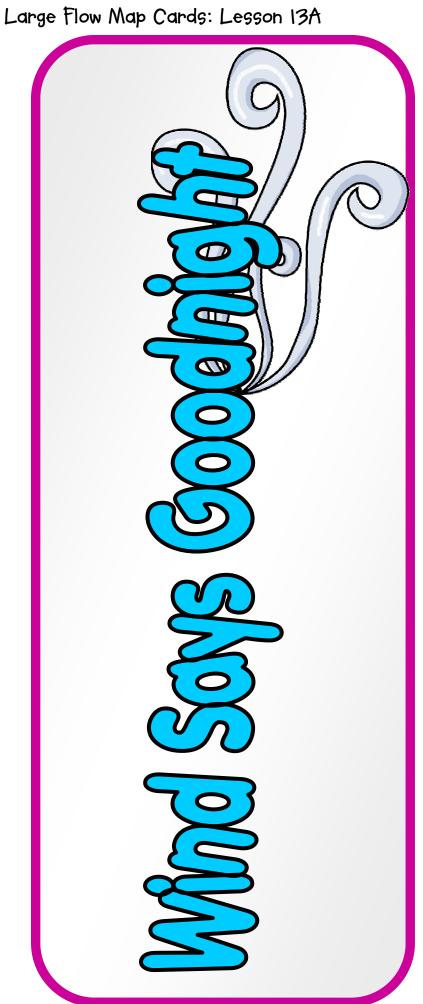












TT24		Kindergarten Time/Period: 75 min. Course: Language Arts			
Unit	Lesson #14	Date:	<u></u>		
(Unit 4 in OCR)					
	K.RL.2 With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details. K.RL.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, setting and major events in a story.				
KRL.5 K.RL.9	KRL.5 Recognize common types of texts. KRL.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and story K.R.1.9 With prompting and support, octively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.				
d. nan d. isol	me all upper /lowercase 2 Phone	words = written language c. spaces b/w words Igment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes nalysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-			
Common Core and Content Standards f. Proc punct: 6. Use	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text				
W.2 D W.5 P	W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information				
SL.2. <i>A</i> SL.5. <i>A</i>	SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas				
f. Proc punct	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text				
K.3.b \$ K.4.c I	Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.				
	Green : Morning Message (chart paper); OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition, Unit 4, Lesson 14, pp. 214-217.				
Resources/ Red	l: WINDY song; Wind Sa	ys Goodnight ; Chara	acter templates, Readers Theater Script Wind Says Good		
Lesson Nigh	<u>ht;</u> Shared Reader; Pock	et chart flow map			
Preparation Blue	e : Weather Log				
Objectives Con-	ntent:		Language:		
Gree	en: Students will identi	fy action words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning		
	context clues.		Message.		
	dents will: rhyme, oral-k	olend, and know	Students will listen and participate in whole group		
	/h/ and "h".		activities. Red: Students will order events using a flow map.		
	Red: Students will sequence the story, Wind Says Goodnight by Katy Rydell.		Red. Students will order events using a now map.		
	Students will practice high frequency words,		Students will read emergent reader.		
	ode, and track words.		_		
	dents will re-tell the stood Night.	ry, <u>Wind Says</u>	Students will participate in Readers Theater.		
com	e: Students will identify, nmunicate the weather.		Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the daily weather. Students will present the weather in Power Elbow Groups		
Depth of	Level 1: Recall	\boxtimes Level 2:	Skill/Concept		
	Level 3: Strategic Thin	aking Level 4:	Extended Thinking		
Career Ready					
SKIIIS	Comprehending as well		□Valuing evidence		

	☐Using technology and digital media strategically and capably							
Common Core		⊠ Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures						
		☐ Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts						
Literac	y Shifts	□ Reading and writing grounded from text	☐ Reading and writing grounded from text					
		☑ Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary						
NC S		KEY WORDS ESSENTIAL TO UNDERSTANDING	WORDS WORTH KNOWING					
Academic Vocabulary SINTS TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE		throat, tapping, strumming, beat, fiddle	mist, melody, coattails, meadow,					
Aca	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	cheerful, branch, dip, twirl, shining, whispered, widespread	brushed, hovered, scooped, snuggled					
	eaching leration	Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rules and responsibilities of working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles (materials, reporter, captain, and editor).						
Lesson Delivery								
Instructional Methods		Check method(s) used in the lesson:						
Meti	noas	☑Modeling ☐Guided Practice ☑Collaboration ☐ Independent Practice						
		Guided Inquiry						
		Morning Message – Focuses on action words and finding informational evidence from text.						
		Review Content / Learning Objective.						
		Write the following on chart paper or on the board:						
		The leaves fall. They rake the red and yellow leaves. They jump in the leaves. It is						
		squiggly line under the action words. (fal	ave students interact with the message by writing a II, rake, jump).					
CCSS Foundational Standards and Morning Message		 Depending on class ability/focus level continue and have students talk to their Elbow Partner to identify the capital letter at the beginning of the sentence, sight words and punctuation marks. (Suggestion: Underline the capital letters in green, circle the periods in red, and sight words may be highlighted in yellow.) 						
		Foundational Skills (Green Section) Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following:						
		OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 14, pp. 214-217 (Remember to review content/language objectives.)						
		 T214- Choose one or both Warming Up a T215- Oral blending (The following word Initial Consonants /h/ot /f/all /h/umid /f/oggy /h/arvest /s/nowy 	hoctivities s may be used in lieu of the words found in OCR.) /h/urricane /h/eat /h/ail					
		T216- The Sounds of Hh						

	T217- Linking the Sound to the Letter	
Prepare the Learner	Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation Sing "WINDY"	Differentiated Instruction English Learners: My favorite character is First, next, then, last Differentiated Instruction English Learners:
Interact with Text/concept	Readers Theater-Wind Says Goodnight Use the character templates to create character paper plate necklaces or headbands. (Optional: Have students cut, color, and assemble their character necklaces or headbands). Assign roles.	Assign multiple students (high and low English levels) to each roll. Students will feel more comfortable and have models to listen to.
Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technolo	(Optional : By making extra character necklaces, you can assign multiple students to one role.) Perform using scripts!	Students Who Need Additional Support: Allow students to re-tell story in
gy Questioning/Engage ment/Writing/Check ing for Understanding	Optional: Shared Reader-Wind Says Goodnight Suggestions: Read whole group; read chorally two times. On the second read, divide the class into	small groups independently at workshop time.
	two groups. Group A chants the text on the left hand side (It is) and Group B chants the text on the right hand side (The tree has). In small groups, students should read, track, and identify high frequency words.	Accelerated Learners: Encourage students to add lines to the Readers Theater script.
Extending Understanding Writing	Weather Log – Observing and Recording Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat). What is the weather today, I can't wait to see. Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy, Which one will it be?	Differentiated Instruction: Advanced Learners: Write longe sentence independently. English Learners: Model sentence for students. Students repeat sentence orally as they draw. They may write key vocabulary such as "Sunny". If
	Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame, sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.	capable assist students in writing a sentence. May offer an LP such as: "The weather is" or "It is" Special Needs: Assist in writing
	Meteorologist Report: Students will work in Power Elbow Groups to report the weather. Provide students chart paper, markers etc. So they can make a poster and report weather. Switch individual roles throughout the week so everyone gets an opportunity to speak.)	beginning sounds of words in small group. They can write key vocabulary such as "Sunny".
	Suggested linguistic patterns: Today is Today's weather is Today I am wearing (Students report how they dress for that weather)	

Lesson Reflection with the Students	Big Idea: Weather within each season can be predictable. Essential Questions: How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? Why do we observe weather?			
	How does weather change over time?			
	Lesson Reflection			
Teacher Reflection Evidenced by Student Learning/ Outcomes				

Wind Says Goodnight



Narrator I: A girl could not go to sleep.



Wind: Shhh. Go to sleep.



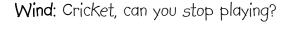
Narrator 2: She could not. Mockingbird was



singing. Wind: Mockingbird, can you stop singing?



Mockingbird: No.





Cricket: No.



Wind: Frog, can you stop strumming?





Wind: Moth, can you stop dancing?



Moth: No.



Wind: Moon, can you stop shining?

Moon: No, the weather needs to change.



Wind: Cloud, can you cover the earth?



Cloud Yes, but carry me.



Narrator I: The wind blew.



Narrator 2: Cloud covered the sky.



Narrator I: The mist covered the meadow.



Narrator 2: They all stopped and fell asleep.



Narrator I: The girl fell asleep.

Wind Says Goodnight



Narrator I: A girl could not go to sleep.



Wind: Shhh. Go to sleep.



Narrator 2: She could not. Mockingbird was signing.



Wind: Mockingbird, can you stop singing?



Mockingbird: No, until Cricket stops playing.



Wind: Cricket, can you stop playing?



Cricket: No, until Frog stops strumming.



Wind: Frog, can you stop strumming?



Frog: No, until Moth stops dancing.



Wind: Moth, can you stop dancing?



Moth: No, until Moon stops shining.



Wind: Moon, can you stop shinning?"



Moon: No, the weather needs to change.



Wind: Cloud, can you cover the earth?



Cloud Yes, but carry me.



Narrator I: The wind blew.



Narrator 2: Cloud covered the sky.



Narrator I: The mist covered the meadow.



Narrator 2: They all stopped and fell asleep.



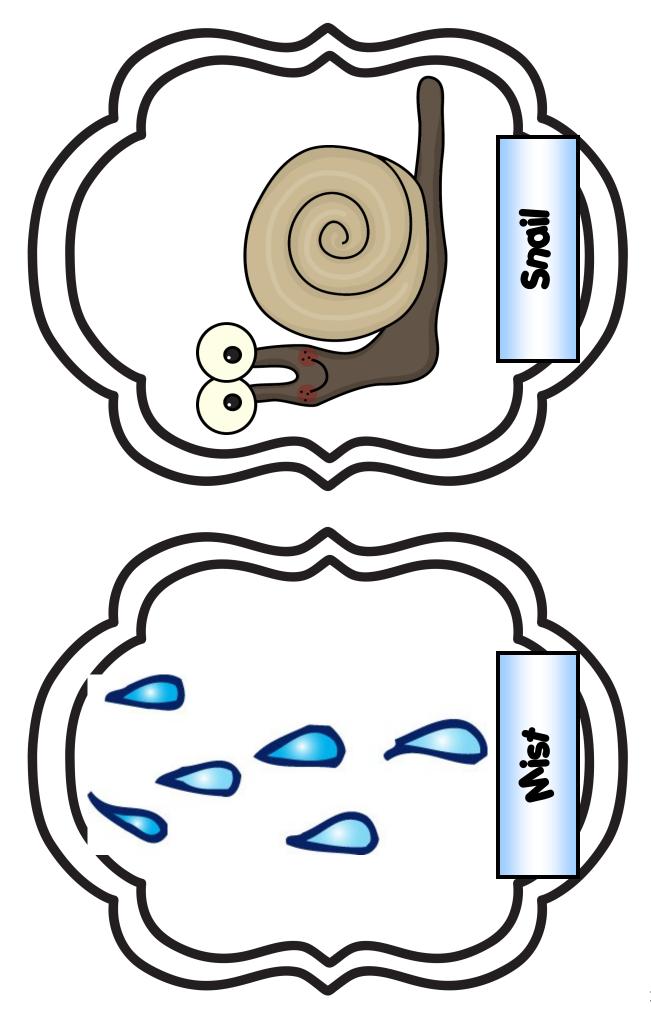
Narrator I: The girl fell asleep.

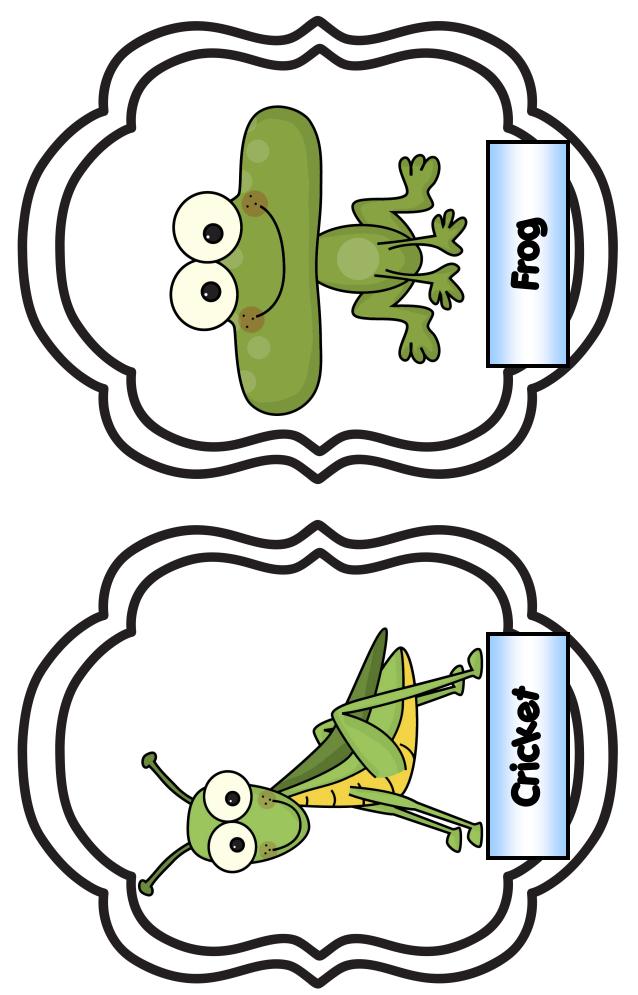


Readers Theater Headbands (color): Lesson 14D

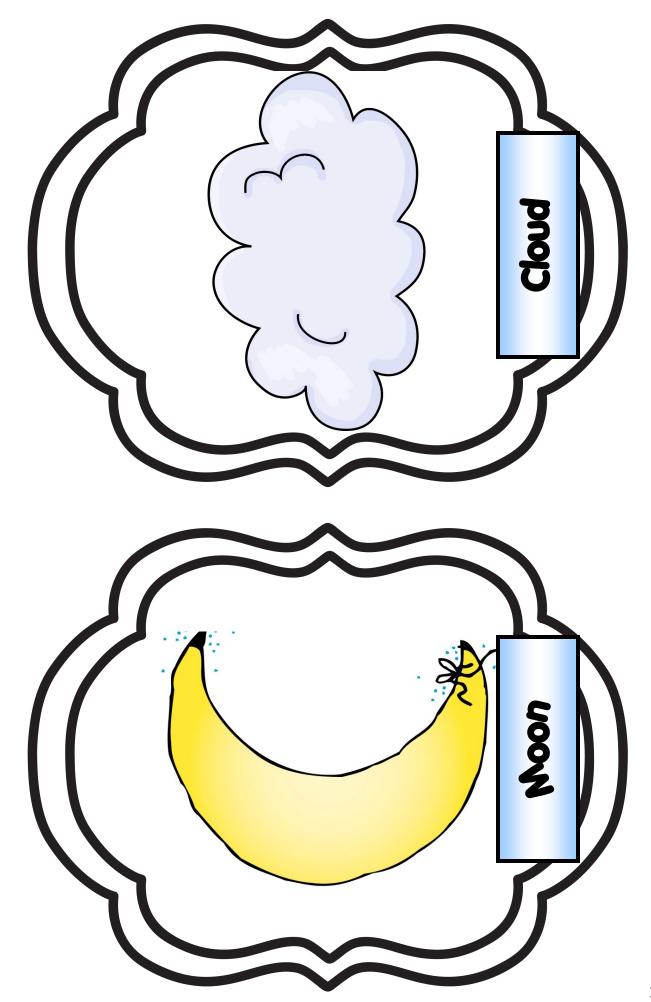
Readers Theater Headbands (color): Lesson 14D

Readers Theater Headbands (color): Lesson 14D





Readers Theater Headbands (color): Lesson 14D



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The girl fell asleep.

SAUSD Common Core Lesson Planner

Common Core	Kindergarten Lagger #15 Determine Course: Language Arts			
Unit (Unit 4 in OCR)	Lesson #15 Date:			
(Ullit 4 III OCK)	K.RL.2 With prompting and support, retell fa	amiliar stories, including	key details.	
	K.RL.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, setting and major events in a story.			
	KRL.5 Recognize common types of texts. KRL.7. Relationship b/w illustrations and story K.RL.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories. K.RL.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.			
	RF 1. Organization and features of print. a. F	Follow words b. Spoken	words = written language c. spaces b/w words	
Common Core and Content Standards	d. name all upper /lowercase 2 Phonemes a. rhyming words b. segment syllables c. segment onsets and rimes d. isolate phonemes f. blend 2-3 phonemes . 3 Phonics and word analysis skills to decode a. one-to-one letter-sound correspondences c. High-frequency words d. Distinguish b/w similarly spelled words			
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text			
	W.1 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Opinion W.2 Drawing, dictating, and writing -Inform/ explain W.5 Production and Distribution of Writing (Adding Details) W. 8 Recall information			
	SL.1. Participate in collaborative conversations a. Follow discussion rules b. Multiple exchanges SL.2. Ask & answer key ideas/details a. 1- 2-step oral directions; SL.3. Ask/answer questions for help/inform; SL.4. Describe people, places, things, events; SL.5. Add drawings/visuals to descriptions SL.6. Speak audibly to express ideas			
	L.1. Grammar and usage a. Print all upper/lowercase b. Use nouns & verbs c. Form regular plural nouns f. Produce/expand complete sentences 2. Capitalization, punctuation, and spelling a. Capitalize first word in sentence and "I" b. Name end punctuation d. Spell simple words 5a. Sort common objects into categories 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversation and responding to text			
	Science K.3.b Students know changes in weather occur from day to day and across seasons, affecting Earth and its inhabitants. K.4.c Describe the relative position of objects by using one reference (e.g., above or below). K.4.e. Communicate observations orally and through drawings.			
Materials/	Green: Morning Message (chart paper, markers); OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition, Unit 4, Lesson 15, pp.			
Resources/	222-227.			
Lesson	Red: Wind Says Goodnight by Katy Rydell, Character templates, Readers Theater Script-Wind Says Good			
Preparation	Night; Shared Reader- Wind Says Goodnight; Summative assessment sort			
Ob. 141	Blue: Weather Log			
Objectives	Content:		Language:	
	Green: Students will identify a and context clues.	action words	Green: Students will read and interact with the Morning	
		nd and know	Message. Students will listen and participate in whole group	
			activities.	
			Red: Students will sort by weather and seasons	
	Says Goodnight by Katy Rydell.		(Summative Assessment).	
	Students will practice high freq		Students will read shared reader.	
	decode, and track words.	, ,		
	Students will re-tell the story.		Students will participate in Readers Theater.	
	Blue: Students will identify, rec	cord,	Blue: Students will observe, draw, write and graph the	
	communicate the weather.		daily weather. Students will present the weather in Power	
			Elbow Groups	
Depth of	□ Level 1: Recall	⊠ Level 2:	Skill/Concept	
Knowledge Level	☑ Level 3: Strategic Thinking ☐Level 4: Extended Thinking			
	Demonstrating independen	ence	図 Building strong content knowledge	
College and Career Ready	Responding to varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline			
Skills	☐ Comprehending as well as critiquing ☐ Valuing evidence			
	Using technology and digital media strategically and capably			
	Losing technology and digital media strategically and capably			

Common Core Literacy Shifts		 ⊠ Coming to understand other perspectives and cultures ⊠ Building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction texts 						
		Reading and writing grounded from text						
		Regular practice with complex text and its academic vocabulary						
Academic Vocabulary INTS TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE								
	TEACHER PROVIDES SIMPLE	throat, tapping, strumming, beat, fiddle		mist, melody, coattails, meadow,				
Aca	STUDENTS FIGURE OUT THE	cheerful, branch, dip, whispered, wid		brushed, hovered, scooped, snuggled				
Pre-teaching Considerations • Students must have worked in Elbow Groups and with a partner. Review rules and working in groups. Review Elbow Group roles (materials, reporter, captain, and ed								
	1		Lesson Deliver	^c y				
Instructi Metho		Check method(s) used in t						
TVICTIO	, dis	_	_	boration Independent Practice				
		⊠Guided Inquiry □ R	eflection					
CCSS Foundational Standards and Morning Message		 Review Content / Learning Objective. Write the following on chart paper or on the board:						
		Teachers may continue with the OCR Green Section they are currently working on, or use the following: OCR The Wind, Teacher's Edition (T), Unit 4, Lesson 15, pp. 222-227 (Remember to review content/language objectives.) • T222- Choose one or both Warming Up activities • T223- Oral blending (The following words may be used in lieu of the words found in OCR.) Initial Consonants /s/inging /h/ot /w/indy /m/elting /p/ool /c/loudy /s/corching /s/unny /f/oggy • T224- The Sounds of Tt • T225- Linking the Sound to the Letter • T226-227-Decodable Book 14: We Can Have a Team						

Prepare the Learner

Prior Knowledge, Context, and Motivation:

Sing "WINDY"



Introduce Cause/Effect

Discuss with students what a 'cause' is and what an 'effect' is. Give familiar examples. Say: What would CAUSE me to get a drink of water? (you feel thirsty) The EFFECT of feeling thirsty is getting a drink of water.

Partner talk: Share with your partner what might CAUSE you to run. Running is the EFFECT. Why would you run? (playing baseball, running a race, afraid of something, etc.) Turn and talk.

_	causes me to	run.
ı	run because	_

Differentiated Instruction English Learners:

Assign multiple students (high and low English levels) to each roll. Students will feel more comfortable and have models to listen to.

Students Who Need Additional Support:

Allow students to re-tell story in small groups independently at workshop time.

Accelerated Learners:

Students may draw their own Cause-Effect map and fill it in independently or in pairs.

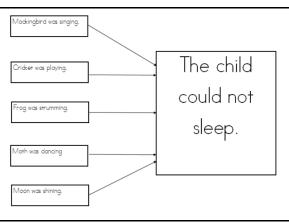
Encourage students to add lines to the Readers Theater script.

Cause-Effect Map

Say: Today we will be identifying the CAUSES in the story that led to the child not being able to sleep. The child not being able to sleep is the EFFECT.

Interact with text/concept:

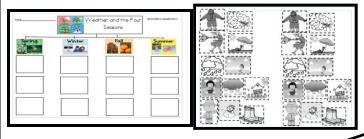
Activities Tasks/ Strategies/Technol ogy Questioning/Enga gement/Writing/C hecking for Understanding Create the following map with the students:



^{*}Teacher tip: Use large flow map pictures (cut off the arrows) as graphics to support the text on the map.

Summative Assessment

Students will sort weather pictures into four groups: fall, winter, spring and summer.



Optional: Readers Theater-Practice Wind Says Goodnight

Use the character templates to create character paper plate necklaces or headbands. Assign roles and perform using scripts!



Optional: Shared Reader-Wind Says Goodnight

Suggestions: Read whole group; read chorally two times. On the second read, divide the class into two groups.

Group A chants the text on the left hand side (It is ______) and Group B chants the text on the right hand side (The tree has ______). In small groups, students should read, track, and identify high frequency words.

Extending	Weather Log – Observing and Recording	Differentiated Instruction:	
Understanding	The state of the s	Advanced Learners: Write longer	
Writing	Sing/ Chant "The Weather Song" (Tune: Row, Row, Row your Boat).	sentence independently.	
	What is the weather today?	English Learners: Model	
	I can't wait to see.	sentence for students. Students	
	Sunny, rainy, windy, cloudy,	repeat sentence orally as they	
	Which one will it be?	draw. They may write key	
	Students will act as meteorologists observing and recording the daily	vocabulary such as "Sunny". If	
	weather. Students will draw the weather, circle the word that names the	capable assist students in writing	
	weather and may write a simple sentence with support (sentence frame,	a sentence. May offer an LP such	
	sound spelling cards) describing their daily observation. Students will	as: "The weather is" or "It is"	
	then record the daily weather on a bar graph in their log.	15	
		Special Needs: Assist in writing	
	Meteorologist Report: Students will work in Power Elbow Groups to	beginning sounds of words in	
	report the weather. Provide students chart paper, markers etc. So they	small group. They can write key	
	can make a poster and report weather. Switch individual roles throughout	vocabulary such as "Sunny".	
	the week so everyone gets an opportunity to speak.)		
	Suggested linguistic patterns:		
	Today is Today's weather is Today I am wearing		
	(Students report how they dress for that weather)		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Lesson	Big Idea:		
Reflection with the	Weather within each season can be predictable.		
Students	Essential Questions:		
	 How does weather within each season impact our daily lives? 		
	Why do we observe weather?		
	 How does weather change over time? 		
TD.	Lesson Reflection		
Teacher			
Reflection			
Evidenced			
by Student Learning/			
Outcomes			
Outcomes			

